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The North Carolinian.

PALEMON JOHN, Editor and Proprietor. Devoted to the Interests of the City, the County and the District. TERMS---$1.00 a Year, in Advance.

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THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
POWER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT
Is supplied with all the requisites for doing first-class Job Printing business, and promptly executes Wedding Cards, Visiting Cards, Business Cards, Ball Cards, Fancy Show Cards, Posters, Handbills, Programmes, Billheads, Dodgers, Bills of Fare, Wine Cards, Law Cases and Forms, Statements, Pamphlets, Circulars, Books, etc., in the latest and most fashionable styles and at the lowest prices. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

NO LONGER DECEIVED.

PEOPLE NOW KNOW THE COSTLY CONSEQUENCES OF 1892.

The Hoarse Cry of the Calamity Croaker Is Drowned as the Thunder of Moving Wheels in Factory and Mill Increases in Volume.

The Republican majority in Oregon, large at first and steadily growing larger as the returns from the remoter townships come in, is a sign of the times. Six years ago the country and its people were doing fairly well, but the majority thought to improve things by "making a change," and they made it. Demagogues said we were taxed too much; that the many were made to pay in order that monopoly might grow rich, and the thriving mills, factories and furnaces owned by corporations were pointed to as proof of the assertion. People forgot, or neglected to observe, that they were themselves sharing equally in the prosperity which was so easily apparent in the large establishments, where it was easiest seen, because the shares of many were united in one concern.

"Make yourselves rich," said the demagogues to the multitude, "by making these giant monopolies poor," and the multitude tried to do it. The tariff was remodeled, protection was withdrawn. The "world's markets" were thrown open, and instantly it began to be apparent that all the grand advantages we had long enjoyed were thrown away. The "world's markets" we had gained access to were far away and we could reach them only at great cost, and when we did reach them we could sell in them only at the prices of others. Our own markets, the best in the world, were divided and given to the Medes and Persians.

We then began to see the handwriting on the wall, but those who undertook to interpret it confused the public mind for a time as to its meaning. A certain "stuffed prophet" pointed out that the trouble was all caused by a thing that was likely to cause trouble in future, and called a special session of Congress to remove it. So a trouble that was not yet due was called down upon one already grievous enough. The Populist prophets and other demagogues in great number, each with a special specific of his own, appeared and promised loudly to cure what they did not understand, and people were for a long time confused with cries of "lo, here" and "lo, there." Our gold continued to go abroad, our goods stayed at home. Paralysis prevailed everywhere. Monopoly, corporation and individual suffered alike, where formerly they had prospered alike without appreciating it.

Then it was resolved to go back to the old methods. The "Advance Agent of Prosperity" was called in, and as a first step toward the accomplishment of what was wished for, the tariff was re-enacted. The demagogues protested. It was necessary to close the doors against them until the necessary legislation could be taken. Bryan continued to hold up his "crown of thorns" and "cross of gold." Teller tearfully insisted that the tariff could do no good, but he would permit it to be tried in order that a deluded people might be convinced.

The people are no longer deceived. The vote in Oregon proves what has long been apparent—that many now realize that "the change" made six years ago was not needed, but was in all respects a great misfortune; that the prosperity of our larger establishments is not a sign of danger; that we cannot sell more than we buy without producing something to sell, and that we cannot reverse the course by statute law. The hoarse cry of the demagogues has been growing fainter as the thunder of the moving wheels increased. The advance agent of false dollars at 15 cents each has ceased to draw crowds. The advocates of unlimited paper to be loaned on valueless security through Government sub-treasuries is now only a curiosity which busy people have no time to look at. The enthusiast, big with schemes for getting more pay for less work, has gone into that retirement where less work is surest found, while the busy multitude is finding more pay and more work, and is happy with both.

The people of Oregon have found out, what the elections this fall will show, what people of all other states have discovered, and that is, that it is wise to let well enough alone, or if attempt is made to improve it, to make it along those lines where improvement has been found before.—Tacoma (Wash.) Ledger.

One Lesson of the War.

When peace comes again let every man in this country speak and write and vote for the American ship. We need the American ship "in our business;" we need it in our wars. We will never have it, though, until the nation is convinced of its indispensable value. We must treat our shipping industry as other Governments treat theirs. We have been told that these payments for the transportation of the mails, for the privilege of acquiring ships for transports and cruisers in war time, were a gratuity, that the Government was not justified in such an expenditure. If it is justified in making foreign wars, it is evidently justified in providing itself with the means to fight them, and we speak now of no other of the different arguments for an American merchant fleet. He who runs may certainly read and understand this lesson of the war.—Philadelphia Manufacturer.

The mistress of a certain servant lost the salaried position which had been her support. The servant thereupon offered to accept reduced wages while her mistress was out of work. Who would dare now to say to either party to this Golden Rule compact that the relations of employers and the employed can be stated in full in dollars and cents? Instances of mutual helpfulness make bright countless homes and offices. Those who declare they cannot discern such examples of consideration and co-operation are wilfully blind.

Missing.

What has become of that "tariff combination of all Europe against the United States?"—Mauch Chunk Gazette.

EXPORTS OF MANUFACTURES.

Continued Increase in Spite of Unfavorable War Conditions.

The detailed reports of the foreign trade of the country for May, which are now furnished by the Bureau of Statistics, present the same gratifying features of exports of manufactures which have been observable in previous reports during the past few months. The exports of manufactured goods for May were $27,031,700, the largest, with the exception of March, for any month in the commercial history of the country. The decrease, compared with March, was only $1,182,750, and it is easily conceivable that as there was a gain of $1,039,148 in May over April, and as there has since been a steady improvement in conditions of this branch of our foreign trade, the total for June will at least be fully equal to that for May, making the total for the fiscal year 1897-8 about $290,000,000, against $276,357,861 for 1896-7, and $228,571,178 for the year 1895-96.

The most notable gains in our exports of manufactures for eleven months ending May 31, compared with the same time last year, have been in iron and steel, amounting to about $11,100,000; exports of agricultural implements increased $2,000,000; of carriages and cars, $600,000; of copper, $1,000,000; of typewriters, $400,000; of boots and shoes, $100,000; of paper, $2,000,000; of soap, $200,000, and of wool, $200,000.

There was a decrease in exports of bicycles to Great Britain, to British North America and to British Australia, but exports to Germany increased. Exports of mineral oil show decreased values of $4,500,000, though increased quantities, and the latter reached nearly 1,000,000,000 gallons. There was also a decrease in exports of uncolored cotton cloth amounting to $3,400,000, due in part to lower values and also to the fact that Japan has been manufacturing largely from the staple imported from America.

Altogether the record is one that brings confusion and dismay on the free traders. It furnishes a complete refutation of their long-cherished doctrine that protection is destructive of foreign trade expansion. At the same time it demonstrates in the most conclusive manner that the American policy is in all ways sound, sensible and successful.

Right Kind of Tax.

The American Economist goes into ecstacy over the increase in diamond imports due to the Dingley law. That's it. How many people working day by day for their bread are to benefit by the diamond tariff?—Roanoke (Va.) Times.

It is a tax paid by the rich and not by the poor, and to this extent is a direct benefit to the people who work day by day for their bread. This fact, together with the disappearance of smuggling should be a matter for general congratulation.

They Can't Beat It.

Uncle Sam—"If any free trade country can beat this, just show me the ship."

What Free Trade Did.

In 1857, after the placers of California had yielded $600,000,000, there was but $57,000,000 left in the United States, every warehouse in the United States, was stuffed with English goods and wares, and our own skilled workingmen, for the first time, were forced to accept the charity of free soup in our Eastern cities.—Salt Lake Tribune.

Are Going to Keep It.

If there is anything in the trade exhibit that is calculated to make the Republican party or the country tired of protection, we fail to see it. A policy which brings prosperity and wealth is a pretty good one to keep, and the American people are going to keep it.—Rochester Chronicle-Telegraph.

PAID INTEREST 42 YEARS.

Then the Old Farmer Found Himself Homeless at Last.

Vice-Chancellor Martin P. Gray, of Camden, N. J., heard a case which was unique. It was that of William Irvine, an aged farmer, of Gloucester County, who appeared without counsel and sought the aid of the Vice-Chancellor in preventing the seizure of his old home by the Sheriff.

Irvine said that for forty-two years he had paid the interest on a mortgage on his home, but at last was compelled to default. Then, without notice, he was sold out by the Sheriff under foreclosure, and the mortgagee was about to dispossess him. He wanted to remain in his old home until March 25 next, when, he thought, he might make some arrangement to find another place of shelter.

Vice-Chancellor Grey expressed profound pity for the old farmer, but said there was nothing he could do to prevent the operation of the processes of law. The old man tottered feebly out of the court room, muttering, "Too bad, too bad; I don't know what I'll do."

Klondike's Gold Product, $25,000,000.

Twenty miners from the Yukon reached San Francisco, with $70,000 in gold. They reported hard times and sickness at Dawson, and that the gold product now there would probably reach $25,000,000.

OUR FLAG FLIES OVER SANTIAGO.

The Spanish Troops Lay Down Their Arms and the Americans Take Possession of the City.

A THRILLING CEREMONY.

Bands Played "The Star-Spangled Banner," Cannon Saluted, and the Army Cheered.

General Toral Surrendered His Sword to Shafter Who Returned It to Him—Ten Thousand Weary Troops Viewed the Spectacle From the Trenches—General McKibbin is Governor—He Hoisted Old Glory on the Civil Government Palace—City Had Been Sacked by Spaniards Before Americans Took Possession—Refugees' Pitiable Condition.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA (By Cable).—Amid impressive ceremonies the Spanish troops laid down their arms between the lines of the Spanish and American forces at 9 o'clock Sunday morning. General McKibbin has been appointed temporary Military Governor.

General Shafter and the American division and brigade commanders and their staffs were escorted by a troop of cavalry, and General Toral and his staff by 100 picked men.

Trumpeters on both sides saluted with flourishes.

General Shafter returned to General Toral the latter's sword after it had been handed to the American commander.

Our troops, lined up at the trenches, were eye-witnesses of the ceremony. General Shafter and his escort, accompanied by General Toral, rode through the city, taking formal possession.

Before they arrived the city had been sacked by the Spaniards.

At the Palace elaborate ceremonies took

GENERAL JOE WHEELER.
(One of the Commissioners to arrange terms of surrender.)

place. Exactly at noon the American flag was raised over the Palace, and was saluted by twenty-one guns by Captain Capron's battery. At the same time all the regimental bands in our line played "The Star Spangled Banner," after which President McKinley's congratulatory telegram was read to each regiment.

The ceremony of hoisting the Stars and Stripes was worth all the blood and treasure it cost. A vast concourse of 10,000 people witnessed the scene that will live forever in the minds of all the Americans present.

A finer stage setting for a dramatic episode it would be difficult to imagine. The Palace, a picturesque old dwelling in the Moorish style of architecture, faces the Plaza de la Reina, the principal public square. Opposite rises the imposing Catholic Cathedral. On one side is a quaint, brilliantly painted building, with broad verandas—the club of Don Carlos; on the other—a building of much the same description—is the Cafe de la Venus.

Across the plaza was drawn up the Ninth Infantry, headed by the Sixth Cavalry Band. In the streets facing the Palace stood a picked troop of the Second Cavalry, with drawn sabres, under command of Captain Brett. Massed on the stone flagging between the band and the line of horsemen were the brigade commanders of General Shafter's division, with their staffs.

On the red-tiled roof of the Palace stood Captain McKittrick, Lieutenant Miley and Lieutenant Wheeler; immediately above them, upon the flagstaff, the illuminated Spanish arms and the legend, "Viva Alfonso XIII."

All about, pressing against the veranda rails, crowding to windows and doors and lining the roofs, were the people of the town, principally women and non-combatants.

As the chimes of the old cathedral rang out the hour of twelve, the infantry and cavalry presented arms. Every American uncovered. Captain McKittrick hoisted the Stars and Stripes. As the brilliant folds unfurled in a gentle breeze against a fleckless sky the cavalry band broke into the strains of "The Star Spangled Banner," making the American pulse leap and the American heart thrill with joy.

At the same instant the sound of the distant booming of Captain Capron's battery, firing a salute of twenty-one guns, drifted in. When the music ceased, from all directions around our line came floating across the plaza the strains of the regimental bands and the muffled, hoarse cheers of our troops.

The infantry came to "order arms" a moment after the flag was up, and the band played "Rally Round the Flag, Boys." Instantly General McKibben called for three cheers for General Shafter, which were given with great enthusiasm, the band playing Sousa's "The Stars and Stripes Forever."

The ceremony over, General Shafter and his staff returned to the American lines, leaving the city in possession of the municipal authorities, subject to the control of General McKibbin.

The Thirteenth and Ninth Regiments of infantry will remain in the city to enforce order. The Spanish forces are to encamp outside our lines.

Since 4 a. m. a stream of refugees poured into the city, some naked, and all hungry and footsore. Many had fallen by the wayside.

The town presents a dismal sight. Most of the houses have been ransacked and the stores have all been looted, and nothing to eat can be had for love or money. In the streets of the city this morning, at the intrenchments at the breastworks and at every hundred feet or so of the barbed-wire fences were the living skeletons of Spanish soldiers.

Among the arrivals were the German, Japanese and Portuguese Consuls and their families, the British and French Consuls arrived Friday.

General Pando was never here, but 3500 men from Manzanillo arrived on July 3, making the total garrison 7000.

The contact mines in the harbor were removed the day Admiral Cervera left, but two chains of electric mines, one from Estrella Point and the other from Socapa, are still down.

At 9 o'clock a. m. the Spanish flag was lowered from Morro Castle.

Steam launches from the New York, Brooklyn and Vixen entered the harbor and examined the batteries, the wreck of the Merrimac, the sunken Spanish cruiser Reina Mercedes and the torpedo firing stations. They discovered six Spanish merchant steamers and one small gunboat in the harbor. A prize crew was placed upon the latter.

The torpedoes were taken up or exploded, after which the Red Cross steamer State of Texas entered to give assistance to the sick and wounded in the city.

Admiral Sampson's last bombardment of Santiago wrecked fifty-seven houses in the city, causing heavy damage.

TO OUR BRAVE ARMY AT SANTIAGO.

The President Sends the Thanks of the Our People to Shafter and His Men.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—Upon receipt of the official announcement that Santiago had surrendered the following messages were sent:

"WASHINGTON, D. C., July 16.

"Gen. Shafter, Commanding, Front, Near Santiago, Playa:

"The President of the United States sends to you and your brave army the profound thanks of the American people for the brilliant achievements at Santiago, resulting in the surrender of the city and all of the Spanish troops and territory under General Toral.

"Your splendid command has endured not only the hardships and sacrifices incident to campaign and battle, but in stress of heat and weather has triumphed over obstacles which would have overcome men less brave and determined. One and all have displayed the most conspicuous gallantry and earned the gratitude of the nation.

"The hearts of the people turn with tender sympathy to the sick and wounded. May the Father of Mercies protect and comfort them. WILLIAM MCKINLEY."

Also the following:

"Major-General, Front, near Santiago, Playa:

"I cannot express in words my gratitude to you and your heroic men. Your work has been well done. God bless you all.

"R. A. ALGER, Secretary of War."

General Shafter replied as follows:

"CAMP NEAR SANTIAGO, July 16.

"To the President, Washington, D. C.:

"I thank you and my army thanks you for your congratulatory telegram of today. I am proud to say every one in it performed his duty gallantly. Your message will be read to every regiment in the army at noon to-morrow.

"SHAFTER, Major-General."

Shafter Reports the Surrender.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The War Department received the following dispatch from General Shafter regarding the surrender:

"SANTIAGO DE CUBA, Sunday.

"Adjutant-General, U. S. A., Washington.

"I have the honor to announce that the American flag has been this instant, 12 o'clock noon, hoisted over the house of the civil government in the city of Santiago. An immense concourse of people present. A squadron of cavalry and a regiment of infantry presenting arms and band playing National air. Light battery fired salute twenty-one guns. Perfect order is being maintained by municipal government. Distress is very great, but little sickness in town. Scarcely any yellow fever.

"A small gunboat and about two hundred seamen left by Cervera have surrendered to me. Obstructions are being removed from mouth of harbor. Upon coming into the city I discovered a perfect entanglement of defenses. Fighting as the Spaniards did the first day, it would have cost five thousand lives to have taken it. Battalions of Spanish troops have been depositing arms since daylight in armory, over which I have guard. General Toral formally surrendered the Plaza and all stores at 9 a. m.

"W. R. SHAFTER, Major-General."

Cervera Arrives at Annapolis.

Admiral Cervera with the forty-five Spanish naval officers captured off Santiago, arrived at Annapolis, Md., on the St. Louis. Commander White, commandant of the Cadets, received the party at the pier. Admiral Cervera, in civilian dress, was the first to alight. He was taken to the house of Admiral McNair, in a carriage, his son, in uniform, accompanying him. He had given his acquiescence to the parole. Some of the officers refused to sign the parole until they had consulted Admiral Cervera, who advised to do so. Captain Eulate, of the Vizcaya, refused to sign and he was placed in confinement. Very few of the prisoners can speak English.

The Wounded Doing Nicely.

The 272 wounded and ill soldiers brought from Santiago to New York by the Olivette were transferred to hospitals near the water front. All are doing nicely.

They Prefer an American Protectorate.

Havana volunteers cabled to General Weyler in Madrid, Spain, that they preferred an American protectorate to independence.

Cuban Blockade to Be Strictly Enforced.

The blockade of Southern Cuban ports will be kept up even more strictly than ever.

Smokeless Powder For Volunteers.

Volunteers are to have smokeless powder for their small arms.

For Returning Troops to Spain.

The Government has advertised for bids for cabin passage for 1000 Spanish officers and steerage passage for 24,000 soldiers from Santiago to Cadiz, Spain. The transports are to report at Santiago between July 30 and August 10.

Effect of Our Shells.

Detailed reports will be made on the gunnery and the effect of our shells on the Spanish armor. It is the general opinion that the armor is nothing like as good as ours, because it was penetrated by small shells.

The National Game.

McGuire is now the Washington manager-captain.

Harley is playing a great game for the St. Louis Club.

Tenney, of Boston, is the best first baseman in the League.

In Chicago the assistant judge of play is called "base umpire."

The New Yorks have played seventeen men and the Brooklyn twenty so far this season.

The season's Yale team is the strongest that has represented the New Haven College in years.

One of the most promising infielders in the country is Reilly, the Springfield (Mass.) short stop.

Recommends Citizenship For Chinese.

Admiral Dewey sent a dispatch to Washington recommending that the Chinese servants and other Chinese who were on the ships of his squadron during the battle of Manila, and who rendered efficient service, be admitted to American citizenship if they desired it.

Fire in Finderne, N. J.

Finderne, N. J., was nearly destroyed by fire, which started in a haystack belonging to Bernard Myers. Only five houses besides the railroad station were left standing. The loss is said to be about $200,000.

More Spanish Prisoners Arrive.

The United States auxiliary cruiser Harvard, in command of Captain Charles F. Cotton, from Santiago de Cuba, with Spanish prisoners on board arrived at Portsmouth, N. H. The men were in a miserable condition, a great many suffering from malarial fever. While on the voyage ten men died, six of whom were buried at sea, and the others who died just as the port was reached. On the first day out the prisoners became ugly, and a number of them made a rush upon the guard with the intention of capturing the vessel. The officers gave the order to fire, and six were killed and a number wounded. This had the effect of quieting them, and they gave no more trouble.

CONTEMPT FOR CUBANS.

Their Attitude Viewed With Disgust by Our Officers and Men.

WILL NEITHER FIGHT NOR WORK.

Shafter's Order Barring Them From Santiago Resented—They Wanted to Sack the City—Garcia Surlily Refused Invitation to Attend the Ceremony of Raising the American Flag.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA (By Cable).—Strained relations exist between American and Cuban soldiers at Santiago. The Americans claim that the Cubans will neither fight nor work. General Garcia refused General Shafter's invitation to attend the ceremonies of the raising of our flag over the surrendered city.

Indeed, the situation has now reached a point when there is practically no communication at all between the two armies, and their relations border on those of hostility rather than the relations which one would suppose would exist between allies.

So soon as General Shafter announced his decision not to let the Cuban Junta enter the city of Santiago de Cuba deep mutterings were heard among General Garcia's men. It was evident the Cubans were greatly disappointed at the step taken by the American commander, for they had confidently counted upon having Santiago turned over to them to loot and plunder, as they had in succession sacked Baiquiri, Siboney, and El Caney. Consequently their disappointment was keen when they ascertained that they were not to be permitted to take possession of the city upon General Toral's surrender.

The Cuban soldiers now fully realize that there is a rising sentiment against them in the American army. They hear nothing but words of scorn from our men as they pass onward, lugging their bacon and hard tack into the woods.

Even our officers no longer conceal their disgust for their allies, and it is understood that the warm friendship displayed toward them at first has now turned into contempt, for the Cubans have neither fought nor worked.

The correspondent who sends this dispatch saw a group of Cubans refuse point blank to aid in building roads, and, during the two days' heavy fighting, while they were loitering in the rear, our surgeons sought in vain to secure assistance from them, even to cut poles for improvised litters for our wounded.

Hundreds of such instances are being told about the camp fires, until the name of Cuban is usually wreathed with camp expletives, and very rarely is a kind word spoken of them. In fact, in some quarters there is a disposition to prophesy an early collision between our men and the Cubans.

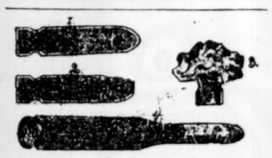
The Cubans remain in their camp, eating American rations, and our troops have no communication with them.

MAUSER GUNS FOR OUR ARMY.

Ten Million Rounds of Ammunition and 20,000 Rifles Surrendered.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—General Shafter reports that about 20,000 Mauser rifles have been surrendered by the capture of Santiago.

The guns were all right when they were furnished to the Spanish troops, but the poor care they received, principally from the volunteers, left many of them rusty and defective. Ordnance officials believe, however, that the greater part of the guns can be put in first-class order.



THE MAUSER BULLET.
(1. Section of bullet showing the steel jacket. 2. Section of bullet, showing the nose clipped off, making it a "mushroomed" bullet. 3. The "mushroomed" bullet as it appears after striking an object. 4. The genuine Mauser bullet.)

The Mauser has a calibre of seven millimetres or .2¾ of an inch, while the American gun has a calibre of .3 of an inch. This difference in calibre makes it impossible to use American ammunition in the captured guns.

The surrender also covers ten million rounds of ammunition, rifle balls, etc., of the calibre suitable for the Mausers, so that when the guns are repaired there will be an ample stock of cartridges to use in them.

LIGHTNING'S FATAL WORK.

Four of a Party Gathered Under a Tree Near Boonton, N. J., Instantly Killed.

New Jersey was swept by a storm which caused great destruction to life and property. Four men were struck by lightning and instantly killed, and five others were badly injured while seeking shelter from the storm under a tree near Boonton, N. J.

The dead are: James Quick, twenty-seven years old, of Boonton; John Ryszchynski, twenty years old, of Hoboken; Clarence Todd, fourteen years old, of Boonton; John Valentine, thirty years old, of Boonton.

The men had been fishing from the bank of Beaver Pond, three miles from Boonton. When the storm broke at three o'clock the men sought shelter under a large tree near the pond.

When the storm was over, James Brady, of Boonton, in passing the tree discovered the forms of nine men lying on the ground. Five of them were unconscious. The others were dead.

Killed His Wife and Himself.

William Enterline, of Larberry, Penn., shot and killed his wife and then shot himself. He died within a half hour. Enterline was forty years old and his wife was twenty-three. She had had him arrested several times for threatening her life. She was on her way to Pine Grove in company with her sister, for the purpose of bringing suit against her husband again. Enterline was working on a rock bank which the two women had to pass and he saw them. He divined their errand, and, drawing a revolver, fired at his wife, the ball entering her head. Then he fired at Miss Witmer, his sister-in-law, but missed her. His next act was to shoot himself.

Shafter Gets the Ships.

Admiral Sampson arrived at Santiago with the intention of placing prize crews on six Spanish merchantmen which were in the harbor at the time of the surrender. General Shafter objected, claiming that the vessels had been surrendered to the army. Shafter carried his point.

Camp at Tampa Abandoned.

The camp at Tampa, Fla., has been abandoned because of illness resembling yellow fever, and the troops have been ordered to Fernandina. Hereafter all sick and wounded are to be taken to Boston and Portsmouth.

Minor Mention.

The wheat crop of Texas will exceed 2,000,000 bushels.

Spain is smaller than Texas by about 75,000 square miles.

Great Britain has 294 torpedo-boats and torpedo-boat destroyers.

Philadelphia is experimenting this summer with vacation schools.

The rush for stamps required under the new war tax has subsided.

A tract of coal lands in Alabama was acquired by Northern capitalists for $250,000.

There were fifty cases of fatal sunstroke in New York City during the week ending July 9.

AWFUL ACT OF A CHINESE

Mongolian Murderer Explodes a Powder Magazine at Oakland, Cal.

FUGITIVE AT BAY KILLS SIX.

Preferring Death to Capture He Fired the Shot That Destroyed the Mill—His Own Body is Torn to Atoms—Great Damage Done in the Vicinity of the Explosion—Heroism of Soldiers.

OAKLAND, Cal. (Special).—The works of the Western Fuse and Explosive Company were blown up by Goon Ng Chung, a Chinese murderer, at 5.20 Tuesday morning. Five deputy sheriffs and constables, who were trying to arrest the murderer, and one woman were killed.

The killed are Deputy Sheriffs Charles White, George Woodsum, D. C. Cameron, I. J. Lerri, Constable Gus Koch, of Temescal; Mrs. Hall, of Fruitvale, and the Chinese murderer. The fatally wounded are Deputy Sheriffs Edward White and Fred Sherrott.

Monday afternoon Goon Ng Chung, a Chinese workman at the Western Fuse and Explosive Company in Oakland, attacked Si Chung, a butcher and grocery agent, with a hatchet, and, after backing him badly, shot him twice with a pistol. Goon's assault was due to the fact that his victim had cheated him by selling him spurious lottery tickets. Goon retreated with Pringle to the powder magazine, nearby, in which were stored 5,000 pounds of explosive. There he barricaded himself, cutting loopholes through which he could shoot and arranging cans of powder at the windows so that should anyone try to shoot him an explosion would follow.

When the deputy sheriffs reached the scene they found the wounded Chinaman in a dying condition. He was taken to the hospital, where he died early Tuesday morning. Goon, when asked to surrender, declared that he would never give up, and that if the deputies closed in on him he would blow them and himself into eternity. Superintendent Pringle of the powder works crept up near the magazine and tried to reason with the Chinaman. Goon said he knew that he would be hanged if arrested, as Chinamen in California tried for murder were always hanged, and he preferred to die his own way. Then Pringle promised to hire good lawyers to defend him. Goon said he would think it over, but he would not permit Pringle or any one else to approach nearer the magazine than thirty feet.

All through the night half a dozen deputies watched the place. At 2 o'clock Tuesday morning the officers on watch were relieved, and those who met death later took their places. At five o'clock Goon came out of the house and announced that he would surrender, but as the officers came near he evidently changed his mind, for he rushed into the magazine, threw down a can of powder, and fired a shot at it. There was a tremendous explosion, which shook San Francisco and the country for twenty miles around like an earthquake.

It broke all the glass in the neighborhood and ruined bricks and splinters upon Camp Barrett, where the Eighth California Regiment is now stationed. It destroyed every building within a quarter of a mile of the magazine, and it killed the five officers and the Chinese murderer, as well as Mrs. Hall, of Fruitvale, who lived near by.

A company of soldiers from Camp Barrett helped to extinguish the fire that followed the explosion. Great holes had been dug in the earth by the force of the explosion, and among the burning fragments of the houses were the few victims who were not blown to pieces. All the houses in the neighborhood went down like houses of cards, and the Melrose public school, which is near by, is a complete wreck.

Lieutenant Pearl, of the Eighth California Volunteers, and six of his men demonstrated that they are of the stuff that makes good soldiers. Forty feet from a burning building was a freight car loaded with powder. Sparks were flying in the floor and the wood and iron work were so hot that they were painful to the touch. Without hesitating the Lieutenant and his men rushed to the car and pushed it to a place of safety.

Powder House Blown Up.

HANNIBAL, Mo. (Special).—The separating house at the Hercules Powder Works, situated twelve miles below this city, on the St. Louis, Keokuk and Northwestern Railroad, has been blown up, as the result of the acid becoming heated. Two employes were in the building, but they had warning and escaped.

ZOLA DEPARTS FROM PARIS.

His Enemies Declare That He Has Fled to Avoid Arrest.

PARIS, France (By Cable).—M. Zola, who was sentenced to a year's imprisonment and to pay a fine of 3000 francs for libelling the officers of the Esterhazy court-martial,

M. EMILE ZOLA.

has unexpectedly left the city. The anti-Dreyfus papers make a sensation of his departure, declaring that he fled to Switzerland to avoid his impending arrest under the judgment of the Assize Court.

Calmanera Surrenders.

The Spanish commander at Calmanera, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, was informed of the surrender of General Toral, and the Spanish flag was hauled down.

Accused of Slaying His Son.

Samuel Jackson, a shiftless colored man, thirty years old, was locked up in the Hackensack (N. J.) jail under suspicion of having murdered his son Louis, a little boy of six years. The boy's body was found, fearfully cut up, on the railroad tracks at the Teaneck crossing.

Horse and Dog Meat Havana's Diet.

A letter from a Spanish correspondent in Havana says customers are reported to have murdered three grocers, that there is no bread in the city and horseflesh is being sold, and that in some parts of Cuba dogs are being eaten.

Prominent People.

Lord Dufferin has twelve white cats, almost exactly alike, for which he paid $6000.

Judge Pennypacker, of Philadelphia, is an advocate of the whipping-post for wife-beaters.

Samuel L. Lord, of Saco, the Democratic candidate for Governor of Maine, is sixty years old, rich and a bachelor.

William H. Wilder, who died in New Orleans, La., a few days ago at the age of eighty-five, was the oldest member of the New Orleans bar.

Dr. Nicholas Senn, who was for many years Surgeon-General of the Wisconsin National Guard, is an army Surgeon with the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel.

WEALTH FROM KLONDIKE

Miners Return Laden With Gold Aggregating $3,000,000.

$7,000,000 AWAITING SHIPMENT.

Two Women Struck It Rich—Prices High in the Gold Regions—Cabins Rent For $1000 a Month—Thirty Miners Drowned in Cook Inlet—Population Estimated to Exceed 30,000.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal. (Special).—The Klondikers who arrived Monday on the steamer St. Paul, bringing with them about $3,000,000 in gold and drafts, have been disposing of the gold which they had dug and washed out of the earth along the creeks about Dawson City. Hacks were driven up to doors of hotels where miners are staying, and heavy sacks, boxes and blanket rolls were taken into them. Then the owners of the yellow metal entered and the hacks rolled away to the United States Mint or the office of the Selby Smelting Company, where they deposited their wealth.

Probably the most fortunate of the claim owners this year are the Stanleys, of Seattle, Wash., and their partner, Charles Warden, of Los Angeles, Cal. They hold Claims 25 and 26 and half each of 24 and 32 on Eldorado Creek. A portion of their clean-up was 1400 pounds of gold. It was packed into Dawson from the mines on five horses.

Charles H. Edson is the lucky owner of Claim No. 29, on Eldorado Creek. John Lee took $200,000 from a claim, and he and Anderson together bought half of Claim No. 32 for $150,000. A good clean-up was made on Claim No. 30, on Eldorado Creek, by Chappel, Alex. McDonald's partner. It is said that McDonald is now showing an expert of the Rothschilds about his property, and it is generally believed that he intends to sell. Jim Daughtary has dispose l of his interests to a London syndicate for $1,500,000.

The richest clean-up from a single claim is that of N. E. Pickott. Some place it at $80,000, but this figure is treated with ridicule by men who worked on the same creek. They assert that if Pickott has cleaned up a cent he has taken out of the earth at least $200,000. His claim is Eldorado No. 17. If five boxes of gold stacked up in the office of the Commercial Hotel are any evidence, Pickott, who is a Canadian, has certainly been successful.

Many others brought with them gold worth from $3000 to $100,000, among these two women—Miss Sadie O'Hara, who had $3000, and Miss Locke $20,000.

From Skagway it is reported that "Soapy" Smith has been shot dead. Smith was known as the "King of Skagway," and one of the most desperate men in the Klondike.

Thirty Klondikers have been drowned in Cook Inlet, Alaska, during the last four months. The drownings occurred in the upper part of the inlet, where tenderfeet were trying to find new streams to prospect. At low tide the bottom of the inlet is bare in places, and boats are rowed about in the narrow channels remaining. The tides roll in with great high waves, which swamp all boats that cannot get to the shore. To this fact the large number of fatalities reported is due.

The Klondike clean-up is placed at $7,000,000, the Canadian Government having collected royalties on $4,000,000, or $400,000 in cash, the royalty being ten per cent. There is the Government tax on $3,000,000 yet to be collected.

The clean-up would have exceeded $10,000,000 if it had not been for the threatened famine at Dawson, which caused a stampede for Circle City, so that there were not enough miners to work some of the claims.

Bonanza Creek is reported as disappointing, and there are said to be only ten claims of consequence on it. Eldorado is the richest creek and Dominion second. Eldorado contains the richest diggings in the world. Benches on French Creek are very profitable.

There are now 30,000 people at Dawson, and there will soon be 50,000. Living is terribly high still. A log cabin rents for $1000 a month, and meat sells for $1.50 a pound. A comparatively small amount of gold will come out of the country next season, perhaps five millions, according to this report.

CARRIED OVER ARCTIC ICE.

Relief Expedition Reaches the Whalers at Point Barrow.

TACOMA, Wash. (Special).—The whalers, numbering several hundred, imprisoned in the Arctic Ocean at Point Barrow, Alaska, are now entirely out of danger of suffering for lack of food until they shall be rescued by the revenue cutter Bear in August. The United States Government overland relief expedition under Lieutenant Jarvis of the Bear reached its destination on March 29, after a remarkable trip of 1500 miles, starting from Cape Vancouver on December 17. Missionary Lopp, of Cape Prince of Wales, who accompanied Lieutenant Jarvis in charge of 400 reindeer, had returned home on June 23, when the cutter Bear reached Cape Prince of Wales, and he told of the expedition's success.

The whalers greeted the expedition with great demonstration of joy, though they had supplies to last until August, when the cutter Bear will rescue them. Agent Brower, of Liebes Company, at the Point Barrow storehouse, gave them his supplies, requiring the Eskimos, usually depending upon him, to provision themselves.

Santiago Troops to Rest.

It has been decided that none of the troops that participated in the actual fighting before Santiago shall be employed against Porto Rico. The reasons are that the men have suffered severely from hardships, the climate and from fevers, and are entitled to a rest, and because of the danger of allowing the soldiers who have been exposed to yellow fever to be brought in contact with those fresh from the United States.

To Adjust Our Relations With Canada.

President McKinley appointed the following commissioners to meet representatives from Canada for the purpose of adjusting the relations between the United States and Canada: Senator Fairbanks, of Indiana; Senator Gray, of Delaware; Representative Dingley, of Maine; John A. Kasson, of Iowa, and John W. Foster, of the District of Columbia.

Telegrams Must Be Stamped.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue, Washington, advised the Western Union Telegraph Company that the person offering a telegram for transmission must put the stamp on it.

Spain's Reported Intention.

The Madrid correspondent of the London Daily Telegraph says:

"The Government has definitely decided to open peace negotiations without delay, proposing as a basis the renunciation of all rights over Cuba and the immediate discussion of any other 'reasonable proposals' the United States may make."

Fell 700 Feet.

A cage at a coal mine in Beuthen, Silesia, fell 700 feet, killing twenty-four of its inmates. Two others were fatally injured.

Labor World.

Siberia has fifty-four bituminous coal fields.

The Chinese were weavers nearly 5000 years ago.

The International Typographical Union established a branch in the British West Indies.

Uncle Sam has a union printer on each of his flagships, who sets up and prints the log book.

Boxmakers and sawyers met in Springfield, Ill., and formed a national union of the craft.

Montreal (Canada) builders protest against the practice of giving contracts to outsiders.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Washington Items.

The President appointed Hallet Alsop Borrowe, who was in charge of the dynamite gun, Assistant Adjutant-General with the rank of captain.

Paymasters who had started to pay the troops at Santiago have been ordered back. General Shafter cabled that payment would be injurious to discipline and that the men did not need the money.

The Attorney-General, Washington, rendered an opinion in which he holds that Chinese "trades" or merchants' assistants are not merchants within the meaning of the Chinese Exclusion act.

Denmark having given the President satisfactory proof that no tonnage or light-house dues or equivalent taxes are imposed upon vessels of the United States in the port of Copenhagen, the President issued a proclamation relieving Danish vessels from the imposition of the tonnage tax.

Bidders for the war 3s for amounts in excess of $5000 received a circular notifying them that all the bonds offered to the public have been allotted to individuals whose subscriptions were

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

Not Worried About That.

Her Father—Well, if you are determined to marry my daughter, I shall offer no objections, but before you take this irrevocable step I think it is only right to let you know that I have decided to leave all my money to educational and charitable institutions.

Glib Suitor—Oh, that's all right. I've got proof that you bet on a bicycle road race once. It'll be easy enough to show that you're of unsound mind.—Chicago News.

An Indication.

"Ho," said the fond but firm father, "is, I fear, a young man of extravagant tastes."

"Yes," the daughter admitted, "he wants me for a wife."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

The largest coffee plantation in Brazil and perhaps in the world is the Dumont plantation, established by a Frenchman in the state of Minas Geraes. The number of coffee plants in 1896 was 4,718,000.

The first sermon in Maine was delivered at Monhegan Aug. 9, 1607.

Everybody Says so.

Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, act gently and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispel colds, cure headache, fever, habitual constipation and biliousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. C. to-day; 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought. 30 OR OTHER WRAPPER.

Norfolk and Southern R. R.

Schedule in effect Feb'y. 21, 1898.

Norfolk & Southern R. R. Mail and Express trains, Southbound, daily (except Sundays), leave Elizabeth City, at 11:40, A. M., and 6:00 P. M. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. Northbound, daily, except Sundays, leave Elizabeth City at 2:05 P. M., and Tuesdays Thursdays and Saturdays at 9:20, A. M.

The trains arrive at and depart from the Norfolk & Western depot, Norfolk; connect at Norfolk with all Rail and Steamer lines, and at Edenton with Steamer for Roanoke, Cashie Chowan and Scuppernong rivers; transfer steamers to Mackey's Ferry, thence by Norfolk & Southern R. R. to Pantego and Belhaven connecting with steamer Virginia Dare for Makeleyville, Aurora, Washington and all intermediate landings.

EASTERN CAROLINA DISPATCH AND OLD DOMINION LINE.

The steamer Norse leaves Elizabeth City Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6:00 P. M., for Newbern connecting with the A. & N. C. R. R. for Goldsboro, Kinston and Morehead City, and with the W. & N. R. R. for Jacksonville, Wilmington, N. C. Stops at Roanoke Island, Ocracoke and Ocracoke.

Tickets on sale at Elizabeth City Station to Roanoke Island, Ocracoke, Newberne, Oriental, Kinston, Goldsboro, Morehead City and Wilmington.

Daily all rail service between Elizabeth City and New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk.

Through cars, low rates and quicker time than by any other route.

Direct all goods to be shipped via Eastern Carolina Dispatches as follows: From Norfolk by Norfolk & Southern Railroad; Baltimore by C. & O. R. R., Presidents Street Station; Philadelphia, Pennsylvania R. R., Dock Street Station; New York, by Pennsylvania R. R., Pier 27 North River, and Old Dominion Line.

For further information apply to M. H. Snowden, Agent, Elizabeth City, or to the General Office of the Norfolk & Southern R. R. Company, Norfolk, Va.

M. E. KING, Gen'l Man'r. H. C. HUDGINS, Gen'l Ft. & Pass'r Ag't.

GEORGE W. BELL,
Gun-Smith.,

At the Old Stand on Road Street,

ELIZ. CITY, NORTH CAROLINA

W H Morris,
Veterinary Surgeon.

Having made the Diseases of Horses a special study, is now devoting attention to their cure. He has had marked success in treating staggers, affections of the lungs, lock jaw, etc. He also treats all Domestic Animals.

Examinations at his office on Main street, Elizabeth City, N. C., FREE OF CHARGE

F. H. ZIEGLER & BRO.,

Successors to John H Ziegler,

Dealers in all Kinds of

Undertakers' Supplies,

From the Cheapest to the Best. All telegrams promptly attended to.

CRAPES AND COOLING BOARDS

when desired. The finest Hearse in the section. Rosewood, Walnut, Cloth covered and Metalic Caskets a specialty At the old stand on Ehringhaus Street. All kinds of Cabinet Work done.

T. P. WHITE,

BOOT & SHOEMAKER

2nd door North of Poindexter Street Bridge.

Patching and mending RubberBoots a specialty.

GROVES

TASTELESS

CHILL TONIC

IS JUST AS GOOD FOR ADULTS.

WARRANTED. PRICE 50 cts.

GALATIA, ILLS., Nov. 16, 1899.

Paris Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.

Gentlemen:—We sold last year, 600 bottles of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC and have bought three gross already this year. In all our experience of 14 years, in the drug business, have we seen its equal. It gives universal satisfaction in every case that gets such universal satisfaction. Yours truly, [illegible] & Co.

The North Carolinian

Published Every Wednesday

THE OFFICIAL ORGAN OF BOTH THE CITY AND THE COUNTY.

For terms and advertising rates see first page.

Communications relative to and of interest in the Albemarle District solicited from all quarters.

REPUBLICAN JUDICIAL CONVENTION, 1st DISTRICT.

The Republicans of the First Judicial District will meet in Convention at Elizabeth City, N. C., on Tuesday, August 23, 1898, at 3 o'clock, p. m., for the purpose of selecting candidates for Solicitor and Judge.

G. W. COBB,
Chm'n. Ex. Com. 1st Judicial Dist.
July 25, 1898.

REPUBLICAN CONGRESSIONAL CONVENTION

A Convention of the Republicans of the First Congressional District is hereby called to meet in Elenton, Chowan County, on Thursday the 25th day of August, 1898, at 4 o'clock, p. m. for the purpose of transacting such business as may come before it. County Executive Committees are requested to take action necessary to selecting delegates to said Convention at once.

By order of the Committee.

D. H. ABBOTT, Chm'n.
July 21st, 1898.

THE IMPROVING OUTLOOK.

The indications all point to an improvement in business. The first effect of the war was paralyzing. That was inevitable. In the presence of new conditions the prudent man waits and watches developments. The watchers have seen.

Already we have made the American Navy famous the world around and the envy even of those who used to sneer at anything and everything ours. We have gone down in the worst season of the year, and, with a green army, have conquered the trained Spanish soldiers entrenched behind strong fortifications. We are a thousand times more respected and feared as a Nation than a year ago.

Great expense was needed to carry out the work, and look what ease the Government had in securing the money. Congress unanimous in granting a preliminary $50,000,000, and now the people subscribing $1,300,000,000 more or less at the chance to get $200,000,000 of 3 per cent bonds. The resources of the United States are all right. Its business is adjusting itself to the circumstances, and the lull, that came when the shadow of the war cloud fell, is to be followed by increased activity accelerated by the brilliant victories and the prospect of peace.

It is probable that the end of the war will be the beginning of new exploits on a large scale for the development of regions where enterprise is as yet a stranger and where great rewards await the first comers who bring intelligence and modern methods with them. We are also sure of large amounts of work in building up Navy and equipping our Army and fortifying our Ports and in all ways improving the lessons that the war has taught us. Don't worry about "buiness dullness." The rally is bound to come. Our crops are immense. the world is hungry. Gold is pouring this way. The signs are all right.

CONSISTENT ONLY WHEN INCONSISTENT.

In the campaign of 1896 the Democratic party and their allies positively asserted the principle that it was a complete impossibility for the country to enjoy prosperity without a change of the financial system in accordance with their ideas. The point is no longer held by any one who is familiar with such facts as those which have just been presented.

What they are endeavoring to prove now is that the Republican party has nothing to do with the prosperity that has come from it. With any other party than the Democratic this would appear like inconsistency, but the Democrats change face and argument so often that no one is surprised at any variation in their views. The only thing that could possibly be inconsistent with their record would be consistency.

The war with Spain has taught us that merchant ships are quite as much a portion of the Nation's military equipment, when engaged in a foreign war, as are armies and navies themselves, and that trained American citizens who are competent to perform the duties of engineers, seamen and firemen are just as necessary as is any other portion of our naval resources.

Good government for Cuba is what the President promised, and that is what he has ordered to be done at Santiago, regardless of Cuban hopes or Spanish fears.

When the prisoners of war write home of the splendid treatment they are receiving here there is danger that the whole country will want to come over.

A round trip ticket for its fleet in the Suez Canal cost Spain $140,000. But it was better to return than to run into Dewey, with Watson closing up the rear.

President McKinley said he did not want this war to begin with a Bull Run. It will be noticed that the start has been something quite different.

THE REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION

The Republican State Convention last week was one of the most harmonious the party ever held. Hon. R. Z. Linney was selected as permanent Chairman and Hon. J. C. Dancy as Secretary. The platform adopted—it appears in another column—has the right ring. Unlike the one adopted at the late Democratic State Convention, which was made to get in on, is one upon which every patriotic North Carolinian can STAND. Hon. E. A. Holton was re-elected irman of the State Executive Committee. Every indication points to a sweeping victory in the State.

WILL CONNECT THE PEOPLE

Every holder of a bond will want his principal and interest in good moneys, and they will not be in favor of inflating the Nation's currency to accommodate the silver mine owners who have the Democratic party by the throat. The loan will connect the people more directly with the Government, and, as every creditor is always interested in the financial condition of his debtor, so will the holders of the Government's obligations be interested in the financial condition of the Government.

The Army of the United States for the next few years is likely to go beyond the 100,000 dollar mark. A considerable force in the aggregate will be distributed in Cuba, Porto Rico, Hawaii, the Philippines, Ladrones and Carolines.

The colored men of the country have a right to ask the world to remember that three of the regiments which did the skilful and severe fighting at Santiago were of African blood.

During the last fiscal year the volume of the currency in the country was increased $197,000,000, or about 12 per cent. During the same period the increase in population was less than 2 per cent.

The subscribers for small amounts of the war loan number 196,500 and every one of them can be sure that the 100 cent dollars they pay the Government will be returned in kind.

That "single, terrible, crushing blow" which Sagasta had in contemplation for the American Republic recoiled with dreadful effect.

It is perfectly safe to assume that the flag of the United States looks remarkbly handsome floating over Santiago.

An Uncertain Disease.

There is no disease more uncertain in its nature than dyspepsia. Physicians say that the symptoms of no two cases agree. It is therefore most difficult to make a correct diagnosis. No matter how severe, or under what disguise dyspepsia attacks you, Browns' Iron Bitters will cure it. Invaluable in all diseases of the stomach, blood and nerves. Browns' Iron Bitters is sold by all dealers.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

Washington, July 22, 1898.

Rush is the word now, and there is to be no let up until Spain drops to her knees and supplicates for peace. The combined army and navy expedition for the capture and occupation of Porto Rico, under command of Gen. Miles and Admiral Sampson, has started, and early next week Old Glory will be permanently planted on Porto Rican soil. How soon San Juan, the principal fortified port of Porto Rico, will be captured will depend upon circumstances. It will be attacked simultaneously by the army and navy, but it is the desire of President McKinley that it be taken with as little loss of life as possible on our side, and for a time the fighting may be confined to the heavy guns, but it they do not force an early surrender it will betaken by assault.

The stories of friction our army and the Cuban insurgents under Garcia are doubtless much exaggerated, but there is some trouble over there. Officials in Washington have no fear, however, that it will become serious enough to worry over. There may be some hotheads among the Cubans favor opposing the putting in effect of the U. S. Military government of Santiago. That the insurgents were habitual liars has been known ever since we began to investigate their statements concerning their own strength as well as the strength of the Spanish in Cuba, and during the Santiago campaign they displayed an utter displayed an utter disregard for the rules of civilized warfare, by killing prisoners and looting the property of noncombatant; also their unfitness to be soldiers by refusing to obey orders. In view of these things it is not strange that the insurgents should have been kept out of Santiago, which will until further notice remain under military government. The insurgents don't like our plans, as they had gone so far as to name a governor of Santiag in advance of the surrender, but President McKinley intends to do the right thing, regardless of their likes.

Owing to the numerous donations donations to the government, to help pay the expenses of the war, it has been found necessary by Treasury officials to open an an account under the head of "Donations to the Government." Following the $100,000 given by Miss Helen Gould, these donations are of various amounts, and always accompanied by letters bristling with patriotism. One man, an employe of the Treasury, gives $50 a month as long as the war lasts: an Englishman sends a half a guinea from London as practical evidence of his sympathy; a number of lodges of the Junior Order of United American Mechanics have sent contributions, and a Polish Jew, residing in Nebraska, sends $50 because he wanted to do something to help and was too old to fight.

The Navy Department is accumulating smokeless powder at the rate of 8,000 pounds a day, and in a short time all our ships will be supplied with it. The War Department is also getting a large supply and the greater portion of the ammunition carried by the soldiers who have gone to Porto Rico is prepared with smokeless powder, the Santiago campaign having fully demonstrated its superiority, especially in the protection of the men who are on the fighting line.

The Republican Platform.

Resolutions adopted by the Republican State Convention, held in the city of Raleigh on the 20th day of July, 1898.

The Republican party of North Carolina, in convention assembled, renews its allegiance to the principles and policies set forth in the National Republican platforom adopted at St. Louis in 1896; and we point with pride and enthusiasm to the triumphant viudication of those principles and policies under the wise and vigorous and splendid administration of William McKinley.

We condemn the unjust, partisan and hypocritical civil service methods of Grover Cleveland; and we insist that the civil service act of 1883 and the rules made in pursuance of same, should be changed so as to conform to the laws of common sense and common justice.

We are justly proud of the distinguished record and splendid services of the acknowledged leader of the Republican party of North Carolina, the Honorable Jeter C. Pritchard.

We have remarked with unfeigned satisfaction the ability and industry which he has brought to the solution of great national questions and the pains-taking devotion and loyalty with which he has attended to the wants of even the humblest of his constituents; no problem has been too great for his intelligent consideration and no demand too trifling for his patient and courteous attention; elected to the Senate by votes representing conflicting financial views, he has so acted as to command the respect of all honorable men—never faltering in his devotion to the interests of the Republican party and at the same time meeting all reasonable expectations of his Populist supporters.

The Hon. A. E. Holton is entitled to the lasting gratitude of the Republicans of the State for the able, firm and the successful manner in which he has discharged the difficult and delicate duties of State Chairman.

We extend our cordial thanks to W. S. Hyams, esq., for his faithful laborious and effective work as Secretary of the State Committee.

We hereby commend the administration of the State, because (first) the finances have been wisely, economically and honestly administered; (second) the laws have been ably, fairly and impartially administered and the rights of life and property secured thereunder; (third), there are marked and gratifying signs of progress and development in all the material conditions of the State, exhibiting the return of prosperity and the satisfaction of the people.

We believe that the men who broke the chains of Democracy in 1894 and who restored to the people the right of local self government and of honest elections will stand together in the coming contest for the preservation of these rights which assure to our beloved State in fact as well as in name a truly Republican form of government. The joint administration of our local and county affairs by the Republican and Populist parties through their chosen representatives has met the expectation of the men who elected them and the financial conduct of the affairs of the different counties east and west has been honest and circumspect as well as economical and deserves our highest praise.

We favor the amendment to the State Constitution embodying the provisions of our present election law which will guarantee to every citizen of the State the right to cast one free ballot and have that ballot counted as cast.

We invest our State Executive Committee with plenary power to deal with the nominations of candidates for the offices of Superior Court Judges and Solicitors in the several Judicial Districts of the State.

We endorse the Dingley tariff bill and also the Republican tariff measures made necessary by the enormous expenditures incident to the war; while the Democratic administration sold bonds in secret in time of peace to foreign syndicates the present Republican administration has required the banks and syndicates to stand back, until the common people could have all the bonds which they were able and willing to pay for; and we point with pride to the fact that our bonds are worth 20 per cent. more in time of war than they were worth in time of Democracy, and that the common people of the country have displayed their confidence in the government by subscribing three times over the amount called for by the administration.

We favor a vigorours prosecution of this war to a triumphant conclusion and we pledge to the administration of William McKinley our heartiest support in every measure calculared to strengthen our arms and to provide all necessaries and comforts for our heroic sailors and soldiers; we rejoice in the unbroken series of victories which have crowned our arms on land and sea and we rejoice most heartily in the signal triumph won by his administration in the hearts and in the confidence of a reunited pepople. We send good cheer and greetings to our sailor and soldier boys wherever located carrying "old glory" to victory on every land and on every sea.

$100

Dr. E. Detchon's Anti Diuretic

May be worth to you more than $100 if you have a child who soils bedding from incontinence of water during sleep. Cures old and young alike. It arrests the trouble at once $1. Sold by Griggs & Son, Druggists, Elizabeth City, N. C.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. is on every wrapper.

Ripans Tabules assist digestion.

THE LATEST

The following is a summary of the latest news up to going to press:

July 24.—An examination of the destroyed vessels of Admiral Cervra's fleet has removed any doubt that may have existed that the Maine was blow up by an outside explosion.

It now turns out that the letter alleged to have been written by Gen. Garcia to Gen. Shafter was the work of a newspaper correspondent named Arms, on the staff of Gen. Castillo.

Washington, July 25.—Miles has arrived at the point of debarkation on the coast of Porto Rico. Adjutant General Corbin says he does not expect to hear from him for several days, owing to the distance to the cable station. Although Miles has but 5000 fighting men the officials are confident he will be able to accomplish all plans. While waiting for reinforcements he will establish a landing basis under protection of the naval convoy.

London, July 25.—It is announced in a special dipatch from Madrid, published this afternoon that the Spanish government has drawn up a message addressed to the government at Washington proposing an Armistice for peace. The purpose of discussing terms upon which peace with the United States can be arranged.

Madrid, July 25.—All Prominent officials state today that the quarrel between the United States and Spain is much easier of adjustment than is generally believed, and says the queen endeavored to avoid war and desires honorable peace also that the present government will not initiate peace, but a modified cabinet headed by Gamazo will conclude negotiations and then retire. Will reorganize the country. Everybody here considers that Spain should treat directly with the United States.

WINE OF CARDUI

For Mothers!

THE discomforts and dangers of child-birth can be almost entirely avoided. Wine of Cardui relieves expectant mothers. It gives tone to the genitalorgans, and puts them in condition to do their work perfectly. That makes pregnancy less painful, shortens labor and hastens recovery after child-birth. It helps a woman bear strong healthy children.

McELREE'S Wine of Cardui

has also brought happiness to thousands of homes barren for years. A few doses often brings joy to loving hearts that long for a darling baby. No woman should neglect to try it for this trouble. It cures nine cases out of ten. All druggists sell Wine of Cardui. $1.00 per bottle.

For advice in cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, the "Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

Mrs. LOUISA HALE, of Jefferson, Ga., says: "When I first took Wine of Cardui we had been married three years, but could not have any children. Nine months later I had a fine girl baby."

WINE OF CARDUI

Bears' Great Strength.

Yes, the strength of grizzly bears is almost beyond belief. I have read about the powerful muscles in the arms of African gorillas, but none can compare with those in the arms and shoulders of big grizzly bears. I have seen a grizzly bear with one fore paw shot into uselessness pull its own 1,100 pounds of meat and bone up precipices and perform feats of muscle that trained athletes could not do. I have seen grizzly bears carrying the carcasses of pigs that must have weighed 70 pounds several miles across a mountain side to their lair, and I have heard hunters tell of having seen cows knocked down as if by a thunderbolt with one blow of the fore paw of a bear.

Three summers ago I spent the season in the coast mountains up in Monterey county, and one moonlight night I saw a big grizzly bear in the act of carrying a dead cow home to her cub. I had a position on the mountain side where I could see every movement of the bear in the sparsely timbered valley below me. The critter carried the dead cow in her fore paws for at least three miles, across jagged, sharp rocks ten feet high, over fallen logs, around the rocky mountain sides, where even a jackass could not get a foothold, to a narrow trail up the steep mountain. She never stopped to rest for a moment, but went right along. I followed, and just about half a mile from the beast's lair I laid her low. The heifer weighed at least 200 pounds, and the bear would have tipped the beam at about 450 pounds.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

A Clever Trick.

It certainly looks like it, but there is relly no trick obout it. Anybody can try it who has Lame Back and weak kidneys, Malaria or nervous troubles. We mean he can cure himself right away by taking Electric Bitters. This medicine tones up the whole system, act as a stimulant to the Liver and Kidneys, is a blood purifier and a nerve tonic. It cures Constipation, Headache, Fainting Spells, Sleeplessness and Melancholy. It is purely vegetable, a mild laxative and restores to system to its natural vigor. Try Electric Bitters and be convinced that they are a miracle worker. Every bottle guaranteed. Only 50 cents a bottle at Alex Wadsworth's drug store.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Ripans Tabules cure bad breath.
Ripans Tabules: gentle cathartic.
Ripans Tabules cure indigestion.
Ripans Tabules cure dizziness.
Ripans Tabules cure nau
Ripans Tabules: pleasant laxative.

Proceedings of the Dare County Commissioners.

Board met July 4. All the members present. Minutes of last meeting read and approved.

Ordered that the various township tax lists be placed in order for revision.

Ordered that the road hands on the main road and now residing on the new road as laid out from Head Quarters to Church street be taken off the main road list and put on new road list, and that W. C. Brinkley, Overseer of the main road, be instructed to erase all such names from his list.

Ordered that Sheriff Cudworth take young Murphy to the Deaf and Dumb Asylum, if his mother consents for him to go.

Ordered that the Protest of Capt. W. L. Dough against W. A. Dough, forbidding him from running any other line in surveying the land known as the Richardson or Samuel Maan tract except a straight line from the Indian hole at the old stump, be placed on file and that the Clerk notify him of same.

Ordered that K. R. Woodard be appointed the County student at the A. M. College.

Orders were issued to the amount of $717.34, most of which were for the Tax listers and in the Moses Woodley burglar case.

Adjourned to meet on July 11th.

Board met July 11th. All the members present.

On motion, the Tax list was first revised.

Ordered that the Clerk cancel the meridian post order made at the last meeting.

Ordered that the Sheriff place the County funds in the Treasurer's hands at once for the purpose of paying orders.

Orders amounting to $37.55 were issued. Adjourned until the first Monday in September.

Millions Given Away

It is certainly gratifying to the public to know of one concern in the land who are not afraid to be generous to the needy and suffering. The proprietors of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. He declares that gold is of little value in comparison with the marvelous cures would have it even it it cost a hundred dollars a bottle. Asthma, Bronchitis and all throat and lung affections are positively cured by Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption. Trial bottles free at A. Wadsworth's Drug Store. Regular size 50c and $1. Guaranteed to cure or price refunded.

RELIEF IN SIX HOURS

Distressing Kidney and Bladder disease relieved in six hours by "New Great South American Kidney Cure." It is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in bladder, kidney and back, in male or female. Relieves retention almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is the remedy. For sale by Griggs & Son, Water street, Elizabeth City, N. C.

Don't Neglect Your Liver.

Liver troubles quickly result in serious complications, and the man who neglects his liver has little regard for health. A bottle of Browns' Iron Bitters taken now and then will keep the liver in perfect order. If the disease has developed, Browns' Iron Bitters will effect permanently. Strength and vitality will always follow the use. Browns' Iron Bitters is sold by all dealers.

A New Means of Sterilization.

One of the simplest and most thorough methods of sterilizing when it can be used is by means of heat. One of the difficulties in the use of this means is that the articles may be spoiled, especially where the heat is long continued. Baking or placing articles in dry heat for any length of time is not only an unreliable method, but attended with the danger of fire if a degree of heat is sufficiently thorough to sterilize them. Boiling or steaming is objectionable because most things would be rendered useless from the contact with moisture. Experiments have proved that hot oil is one of the best sterilizers known, especially for instruments.

One of our most eminent surgeons has demonstrated the fact that the most complete sterilizing follows the dipping of surgical instruments into boiling olive oil. One may determine the temperature of the oil by a very simple process of dropping bread crumbs into the oil. When they turn brown and crisp, the oil is hot enough for the surgeon's use. This is much more convenient than using the thermometer, which may not always be at hand. The oil may be heated over a spirit lamp, and a few spoonfuls will be sufficient for sterilizing the instruments used in some of the more simple operations.—Exchange.

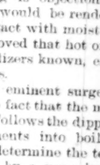
Did You Take

Scott's Emulsion

through the winter? If so, we are sure it quieted your cough, healed the rawness in your throat, increased your weight, gave you more color, and made you feel better in every way. But perhaps your cough has come back again, or you are getting a little thin and pale.

Then, why not continue the same helpful remedy right through the summer? It will do you as much good as when the weather is cold.

Its persistent use will certainly give you a better appetite and a stronger digestion.



It will cure your weak throat and heal your inflamed lungs. It will cure every case of consumption, when a cure is possible.

Don't be persuaded to take something they say is just as good.

All Druggists, 50c. and $1.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, N. Y.

Ought to Have Known Better.

"Hands up!" said the villain with the low brow and the bulldog jaw.

"All right; I'll put up my hands," replied the man with the tall forehead and the pale countenance. "But you have evidently made a mistake. I am a newspaper man."

"Here," said the footpad, tears of pity springing into his eyes, "is a quarter. Don't let this ever become known, or the gang'll put me back in the amateur class."—Boston Journal.

CANDY CATHARTIC Cascarets CURE CONSTIPATION

REGULATE THE LIVER

10¢ 25¢ 50¢ ALL DRUGGISTS

CANDY CATHARTIC

.....CASCARETS taste good. Eat them like candy. They remove any bad taste in the mouth, leaving the breath sweet and perfumed. It is a real pleasure to take them instead of nauseous cathartic pills.

PURELY VEGETABLE

.....CASCARETS are purely vegetable and contain no mercurial or other mineral poison. They are made of the latest recipes discovered and are a scientific combination never before put together in any form.

ANTISEPTIC LAXATIVE

.....CASCARETS are antiseptic. That means they stop putrid food from rotting in the stomach and in the intestines, and kill the germs of any kind that breed and feed in the system.

LIVER STIMULANT

.....CASCARETS stimulate the liver and clean the bowels and stimulate the lazy liver, making their action easy and natural.

BOOM FOR MOTHERS

.....CASCARETS increase the flow of milk in nursing mothers. A tablet eaten by the nursing mother keeps her milk mildly purgative and has a mild but certain effect on the baby, the only safe laxative for the infant/mama.

PLEASE THE CHILDREN

.....CASCARETS are liked by children. They taste good and never gripe, stop wind-colic, cramps, and kill and drive off worms and all kinds of parasites that live in the bowels of the growing child.

CURE GUARANTEED

.....CASCARETS taken patiently, persistently, are guaranteed to cure any and all forms of constipation, no matter of how long standing. Sick headache, biliousness, bad blood, pimples, boils, and all skin eruptions disappear when you take CASCARETS. Don't be cheated by your own druggist.

HEALTH FOR 10 CENTS

.....CASCARETS are the finest blood purifier ever discovered. They clear the complexion, make the skin velvety and beautiful, and impart the glow of health to the cheeks of pale people. Ten cents per box, accepted by druggists, or sent by mail. Write for free sample and booklet. Address STERLING REMEDY CO., CHICAGO, MONTREAL, NEW YORK. 328

Don't judge CASCARETS by other medicines you have tried. They are new, unlike anything else that's sold, and infinitely superior. Try a 10c box to-day, if not pleased get your money back! Larger boxes, 25c or 50c. Sample and booklet mailed free. Address

CCC The only genuine. Beware of imitations!

NO-TO-BAC cures Tobacco Habit or money refunded. Makes weak men strong. Sold and guaranteed by all druggists. 328

WILLIS H. ROGERS, Wholesale Commission

FISH DEALER

106 FULTON MARKET,

New York

North Carolina Shad a Specialty. Stencils furnished at a moment's notice *Reference:*—Gaikin & Co., Bankers beth City, N. C, and other Financia uses when desired

A. W. HAFF,

Successor to

Lanphear & Haff,

Wholesale Commission Dealer

In Fresh Fish Lobsters, Etc. Etc.

NO. 12 FULTON FISH MARKET

NEW YORK.

North Carolina Shad a Specialty. Agents.

S. B. Miller & Co.

WHOLESALE

Commission Fish Dealers,

7 Fulton Fish Market, New York.

Clarance G. Miller, Miller Longbotham.

Established 1861.

Saml. M. Lawder & Sons

Wholesale Commission Dealers in

Fresh Fish.

Soft Crabs, Terrapin, Etc.

BALTIMORE MD.

Quick Sales. Prompt Returns

REFERENCES:

Traders National Bank, Dunn' Mercantile Agency, Wm. J. Hooper & Co Dukehart & Co., The J. S. Johnson & Company

NG. Grandy & Co

—BROKERS—

Agents for Woldridge's High Class

FERTILIZERS.

We also keep COTTON SEED MEAL and HULLS, the finest feed in the world for producing milk and fattening poor cattle. We ask a trial.

REFERENCES: Guirkin & Co., bankers, Hughes & Pritchard, J. B. Flora & Co., Robinson & Co., Elizabeth City N. C.

SHINGLES!

Machine dressed Cedar Shinges,

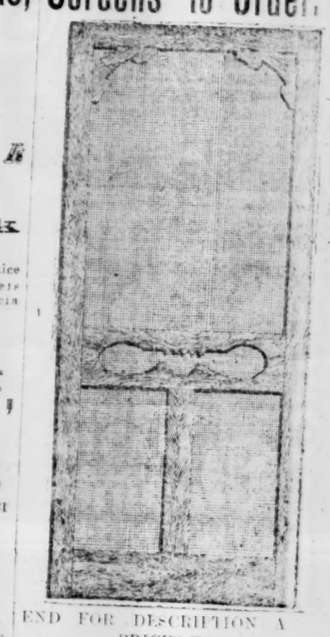
of all sizes, always in stock. For sale at the mills of

East Coast Cedar Company,

Pennsylvania Ave.

Elizabeth City, N. C.

Screens to Order.



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Kramer Bros & Co.,

MANUFACTURERS.

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Of course we don't expect to get all, but those we don't get will be left. Remember that.

So drop in occasionally, whether you by anything or not. You will be welcome just the same.

Remember we are at the bottom in low prices. If you have doubts as to have only to put us to the test and we invite a comparison of quality and prices by the public.

As proof of the popularity of our goods, and prices we have only to refer to the rapid growth of our business, which compelled us to have more room and drove us into a larger store.

We cordially invite the public to call before buying elsewhere.

Yours to please,

J. A. HOOPER & CO.

McCALL BAZAR PATTERNS 10¢ AND 15¢

"THE STYLISH PATTERN." Artistic, Fashionable, Original, Perfect-Fitting. Prices 10 and 15 cents. None higher. None better at any price. Some reliable merchant sells them in nearly every city or town. Ask for them, or they can be had by mail from us in either New York or Chicago. Stamps taken. Latest Fashion Sheet sent upon receipt of one cent to pay postage.

McCALL'S MAGAZINE 50¢ A YEAR

Brightest ladies' magazine published. Invaluable for the home. Fashions of the day, Home Literature, Household Hints, Fancy Work, Current Topics, Fiction, all for only 50 cents a year, including a free pattern, your own selection any time. Send two 2-cent stamps for sample copy. Address

THE McCALL COMPANY,
142-146 West 14th Street, New York.
189 Fifth Avenue, Chicago.

Ripans Tabules: for sour stomach.
Ripans Tabules cure liver troubles.
Ripans Tabules constipation.
Ripans Tabules cure dyspepsia.

Bicycles
Of
Known
Reputation
Only

are a safe investment for 1898. The rapid growth of the wheel industry has produced a multitude of makes you had better keep your hands off. Do you buy pretty paint or Bicycles? Beauty is only skin deep. What you want is material, and best quality.

MAKE A CAREFUL INVESTIGATION

and nine cases out of ten your choice will be a wheel of known reputation. We have on exhibition, and can give you one which reputation is the best the world over for strength, durability and easy running qualities. Call & examine. You will find

Hathaway Bros

on the corner of Main and Water streets.

North Carolina

Iron Works

AND

Supply House.

Machine Shop & Foundry,

MACHINERY OF ALL KINDS

Made and Repaired.

Steamboat & Mill Work a Specialty.

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

We are prepared to do Saw-Mill and Steamboat work and General Machine and Foundry work of all descriptions. Our tools consists of 16 to 48 inch Lathes and can turn Shafts 16 feet long. Planers 42 by 42 inches by 16 feet long.

We carry in stock a full line of Bogy and Dry Kiln Wheels; also Standard Grate Bars, and are prepared to furnish Boiler Fronts and general Foundry work on short notice.

We are prepared to do our own pattern work and we guarantee our work and prices to compare with any other city.

We carry in our Supply Store a full line of Rubber and Leather Belting, Oils, Wastes, Babbit Metal, Files, Belt Dressing, Engine and Rubber Packings, Lubricators, Steam Guages, Brass Goods of all kinds, Belt Lacing, Pipe and Pipe Fittings and Boiler Tubes.

We also handle Wood and Iron Pulleys, Hangers, Boxes, Collars, Shafting, Couplings and Rubber Roofing Paint. And are agents for Wood Working Machinery, Engines and Boilers and Machery of all description and Gasoline Engines and Launches.

For farther information, address,

J. H. PARTRIDGE,

P. O. Box 220. Manager.

DIRECTORY.

THE CITY.

Mayor—Charles A. Banks. Commissioners—Palmer John, Thomas A. Commander, J. A. Kramer, Edward Spence and Wm. W. Griggs. Clerk, Charles Smith. Treasurer, Geo. W. Cobb. Constable and Chief of Police, Wm. C. Brooks; Street Commissioner, Reuben W. Berry; Fire Commissioner, Allen K. Kramer; Attorney, I. M. Meekins.

Collector of Customs—Fideman John.

Postmaster—E. F. Lamb.

Examining Surgeons of Pensions—Drs. J. E. Hood, W. W. Gidge and W. J. Lumsden. Meet on the 1st and 3d Wednesdays of each month at the corner of Road and Church St.

CHURCHES.

Methodist: J. H. Hall, pastor; Baptist, W. S. Penick, pastor; Episcopal, L. L. Williams, rector; Presbyterian, F. H. Johnston, pastor.

Methodist Episcopal Whedbee Building. Preaching 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m., each Sunday. Sunday School at 3 p. m. Prayer meetings Tuesday nights. C. F. Hunter, pastor.

Evangelical Association, R. C. Krupp, pastor. Opera House every Sunday morning and night.

Colored—Methodist, P. R. Anderson, pastor; Corner Stone, Z. H. Berry, pastor; Olive Branch, Lane Pierce, pastor; Sawyer's Chapel, ——, pastor. Antioch Presbyterian, S. P. Smith, pastor.

LODGES.

Masonic: Eureka Lodge No. 317, Geo. W. Brother, W. M.; Dr. J. R. Griggs, S. W.; Dr. A. L. Pendleton, J. W.; T. B. Wilson, S. D.; C. W. Grice, J. D.; R. B. Spence, Treas.; D. R. Bradford, Secretary; I. L. Spence, Chaplain; J. A. Hooper and T. J. Jordan, Stewards; E. J. Shepherd, Tyler. Meets 1st and 3d Tuesday nights.

Odd Fellows: Achsaroe Lodge No. 14; W. A. Jones, N. G.; H. H. Simmons, V. G.; H. O. Dell, Secretary; G. W. Twiddy, Treasurer; W. H. Ballard, P. G.

Talula Encampment No. 8; W. A. Jones, C. P.; J. Garrett, H. P.; D. M. Simons, S. W.; H. O. Hill, Scribe; G. W. Twiddy, Treas.

Royal Arcanum, Tiber Creek Council No. 1209; H. O. Hill, Regent; D. A. Morgan, Vice Regent; C. Goodkin, Orator; W. H. Zoeller, Secretary; F. M. Cook, Collector; W. J. Woodley, Treasurer. Meets every 1st and 3d Monday nights.

Knights of Honor; R. B. White, Dictator; J. H. Engle, Vice Dictator; T. J. Jordan, Reporter; T. B. Wilson, Finance Reporter; W. J. Tratton, Treasurer. Meets 1st and 3d Friday.

Pasquotank Tribe No. 8, I. O. R. M.; W. H. Sanford, Prophet; Will Anderson, Sachem; B. C. Lane, Sr., Sagamore; Luther Holloman, C. of R.; S. H. Morrell, K. of W.; J. P. Simpson, K. of W. Meet every Wednesday night.

COUNTY OFFICERS

Commissioners: L. C. Kramer, chairman; F. M. Godfrey, W. J. Williams. Standard Keeper, A. J. Jones. Health officer, Dr. Louis Fearing. Attorney, I. M. Meekins.

Sheriff, Thomas P. Wilcox; Superior Court Clerk, John P. Overman; Register of Deeds, M. B. Culpepper; Treasurer, John S. Morris; County Supervisor, I. M. Meekins; Board of Education, John D. Fulcher, Newton A. Jones and John T. Davis.

SCHOOLS.

Public School, W. M. Hinton, Principal.
Atlantic Collegiate Institute, S. L. Sheep, Principal.
Select School, L. N. Tillett, Principal.
State Colored Normal, P. W. Moore, Principal.

E. F. MARTIN, D. D. S., Elizabeth City, N. C., offers his professional services to the public in all the branches of DENTISTRY. Can be found at all times.

ISAAC M. MEEKINS,

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Practice in the District and Federa Courts. Collections promptly made.

B. G. CRISP, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Manteo, N. C.

☞ Practices in all the Courts. Collections a specialty.

WOODARD HOUSE

EDENTON, N. C.

This well established Hotel offers first-lass accommodations to travelers.

FIRST-CLASS BAR ATTACHED

☞ Sample Rooms for Traveling Salesmen and Conveyances furnished when desired. Free Hacks to all Trains and Steamers.

Terms Reasonable.

The North Carolinian.

Wednesday July 27 1898.

☞ Fall in line.

☞ It's going to be the PEOPLES' flight.

☞ Let co-operation against the enemy be the watchword.

☞ The steamer Newberne has returned to resume her route from Elizabeth City.

☞ The Telephone connecting Elizabeth City with Shiloh and other points in Camden is being put up.

☞ The special term of Pasquotank Court occupied two weeks, closing on Saturday morning. The civil docket was about cleared up.

☞ We are informed that at the late Perquimans Republican Convention several batteries were discharged at us. We still live! Like Spanish guns, they failed to hit the mark.

☞ One of the busy places here is E. S. Willey's Ship Yard. At present there are three steamers, two schooners, one sloop and several small crafts there undergoing repairs, etc.

☞ By notice in another column it will be seen that Chairman Abbott has issued a call for the Republican Convention of this Congressional District to be held at Edenton on the 25th of August.

☞ The Coast Signal Service at Hatteras having been abandoned, the corps, composed of members of Elizabeth City Naval Reserves, has been discharged. The boys have returned home.

☞ Tribes No's 8 and 10 of the Independent Order of Red Men of Elizabeth City have adopted resolutions of thanks to the Pastors of the Methodist, Presbyterian, Baptist and Disciple Churches, who prepared and delivered special sermons to the Order.

☞ Our townsman Mr. H. C. Godfrey having noticed a strange looking pigeon in his flock caught it the other day and found that it had a silver band on one leg upon which "Co. K. 4907 I" is engraved. It is evidently a "carrier" that has strayed here.

☞ The bright prospects that encouraged our farmers some months ago in relation to their crops of corn and cotton have been changed into dejected gloom by the excessive rains. The present outlook is, indeed, discouraging. Unless the weather from now on is favorable these crops in this section will be very short.

☞ The delegates and others who have returned from the Republican State Convention say it is conceded by those who have witnessed the Conventions that have been held by all the parties to have been one of the most harmonious ever held in Raleigh and, too, they learned from those in attendance from the other parts of the State that the party was never in better fighting condition.

☞ Hon. G. W. Cobb, Chairman, has issued a call for the Republican Convention of this Judicial District to be held at Elizabeth City on Tuesday, August 23. In selecting the place the convenience of a majority of the delegates was consulted, as, taking advantage of the boat and trains, they can arrive in the morning and return in the evening.

☞ At the meeting of the School Committee last week the Teachers of the Public Schools were reappointed, as follows: For the White—Prof. W. M. Hinton, Principal. Mrs Minnie Brooks, and Misses Linda DeLon, Clinnie Cartwright and Florence Bell, Assistants. For the Colored—John W. Barrington, Principal; Mrs L. W. Skinner and Miss Luella Reddick, Assistants.

☞ At a meeting of the Board of Town Commissioners on the 4th of last October Mr. Hill Humphries solicited and was granted the privllege of placing numbers over the doors of the houses within the Corporation limits, the cost not to exceed 15 cents each, the expense to be borne by the property owners. The privilege was granted with the express understanding that the names of all the streets should be placed at the corners without cost to the town. It was also distinctly understood by the Board that the Corporation was in no way to be held liable. Mr. Humphreys claims that he has done the work; that the total numbers put up are 1600; that only 500 have paid, numbers refusing to pay, and that there is $160 due him. To collect this he brought suit against the Corporation, but on coming to trial in Court last week he was nonsuited.

——Now that Mr. Humphries has done the work no property owner ought to refuse the small sum charged. A number of citizens who have never been called on say they are ready and willing to pay, and surely, on reflection, and in justice to Mr. Humphrey, the ballance will do so.

☞ Intelligence is the key to successful farming.

☞ FOR RENT: A front room in 2nd story of the CAROLINIAN Building.

☞ We never pay attention to lying anonymous scribblers.

☞ The right price on Dress Goods at Fowler & Co.'s

☞ The man who carries his religion in his head lets it leak out at his mouth.

☞ New circumstances often show us what strangers we have been to ourselves.

☞ Table Linen and Towels without any extra tariff on them at Fowler & Company's.

☞ Beware of the man who makes a specialty of advertising his own humility.

☞ NOTICE TO FISHERMEN:—For Nets and Twines, see Fowler & Co.

☞ Among the friends we fondly admire we have a few whom we don't like to meet when we are in a hurry.

☞ SHOES, SHOES, SHOES, for the young and old at Fowler & Co's at bottom prices.

☞ The American eagle is a tough old bird, but there is a legal tenderness about its portrait on a silver dollar.

☞ Don't underrate modesty. The needle has but one point, yet it would be almost impossible to get along without it.

☞ If you want a nice Suit of Clothes and get good value for your money, go to Fowler & Co.'s

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

☞ The farmer who knows why, as well as how, to make every lick count, is likely to be the most successful one.

☞ The man who doesn't turn up at Moses Weisel's Gents Furnishing Goods sale is very apt to be turned down by judges of elegant styles.

☞ Dr. Virginius L. Pitts, a prominent citizen of Powell's Point, died on the 15th inst, in his 74th year of age.

☞ Fowler & Co. are closing out small lots of Shoes for Misses, Ladies and Men at about half price, to clear up their stock.

CASTORIA.

Fac-simile Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. is on every wrapper.

☞ Vacation is said to be that time of year when the small boy quits worrying his teacher and stays at home to worry his parents.

☞ The mosquito is said to be the only living thing that has nerve enough to send a bill into a man who doesn't owe it a cent.

☞ If you are going to buy a Parasol or Umbrella, it will pay you to examine Fowler & Co.'s before buying

☞ By notice in another column it will be seen that the steamer "Lillie" has been turned over to the Captain during the summer months, the purpose being to save expense.

A WORD ABOUT BRICK: Everybody needing Brick want a good quality—an article that will wear and last. The Thompson Works manufacture the best for building and all other purposes made in this section. They are well burned and "all right" in every respect. All orders promptly filled. Address F. G Thompson, manager Elizabeth City, N. C

☞ It requires as much good business capacity to properly conduct a farm at the present time as it does to successfully conduct any other branch of business.

☞ Never meddle with a man who is minding his own business. Don't poke your finger into a bumble-bees' nest because it looks quiet on the outside.

☞ How are you off for Blankets We have 'em, the best to be had from 50c the pair to $5. Moses Weisel.

LOCAL MENTION

The sun rose this morning at 5:03 and will set to-night at 7:09.—Don't drop insinuations. A bigger man than you may pick them up.—On Wednesday evening Mr. Samuel Cartwright was married to Miss Martha Berry, Rev. Mr. Hocutt officiating.—Fresh fish are becoming scarce in our market.—Miss Martha Sykes is visiting friends on Roanoke Island.—A willing mind makes a hard journey easy.—Mr. Luther Ball has left to spend some time in Washington City.—It is sometimes difficult to get information from a bank teller.—Mrs. John Whetstone, of Berkley, Va., is visiting sister, Mrs. Bell, on Fearing street.—A happy heart is better than a heavy purse.—It was only a frown, but it left a sad void in the child's heart, quivering lips and tearful eyes.—Mrs. M. R. Griffin is off to spend a couple of weeks at Alleghaney Springs.

—Don't condemn the July sizzard,
Just remember
What you said about the blizzard,
Last December.

—He most enjoys good living who chooses his diet with prudence.—Mrs. R. Weisel and daughter, of Norfolk, are visiting Mrs. Jacob Salomonsky on Poindexter St.—None can cure their ills by bewailing them.—Mr. J. W. Broughton's two new brick stores on Poindexter street are nearing completion.—Don't pick out for your friend a man whose dog won't follow him.—Mrs. J. B. Ferebee is at Baltimore undergoing medical treatment.—"Why do you say she reminds you of brown sugar?" a certain young man was asked. "Because she's sweet but unrefined," was the reply.—Miss Fannie Dawson, who has been seriously ill with typhoid fever, is rapidly convalescing.—The steamer Harbinger has been undergoing repairs at Scott's Ship Yard.—On the 21st inst. Justice M. B. Culpepper united Mr. John W. Smithson and Miss Lennie N. Carmine, both of Powell's Point, in the bonds of matrimony.—True politeness is perfect ease and freedom.—The Versifier thus speaks of a pretty girl's right to be haughty:

Don't blame her though her face may light
With pride that's strange to view,
Her lips are red; her teeth are white:
Her tender eyes are blue.

—Albert Fearing, an industrious and worthy colored citizen, was stricken with paralysis at his residence on South Martin street, on Thursday. He is lying in a critical condition.—Water melons and canteloupes are getting plentiful in market.—Kramer Bros. & Co. inform us that they were never so crowded with work. Among their orders for sash and blinds they have just received a large one from Philadelphia.—"Yes; I'll admit that I thought my wife was an angel before I married her," said a some time married man. "And what do you think now?" he was asked. "Well, she's still an angel, but her feathers come high," was his answer. Men must live and learn.—A certain young lady, to versicles inclined, thus speaks of a rival:

He says I am his sunshine.
But, such hypocrites men are,
Whenever I am with him
He lights an old cigar.

—The heart is never right save when it is at peace with itself.—Miss Lina V. James and Miss Lizzie Davis have returned from a trip to Buffalo, N. Y., and other points North.—At the recent contest here between the Elizbeth City and Hertford Base Ball Clubs, the latter won, the score being 6 to 2. A member of the latter remarked, "We met them and we are theirs."—"The way," said the Sweet Young Thing, "to a man's heart is through his appetite." "Is that right?" sharply responded the Savage Bachelor. "I want to know who it is that expects the other of the couple to buy ice cream and candy and all that sort of eating material?"—I. M. Meekins esq., returned from Raleigh and Wake Forest on Saturday evening.—"Tommy, when I was your age I never told a lie." "When did you begin, auntie?" Tommy asked.—The following is contributed:

The town is big with great surprise;
With deeds and statesmen's plans immense;
But naught are those to the boy whose eyes
Adjoin a hole in the base ball fence.

—The steamer Keystone, of the Albemarle Steam Navigation Company, is at Scott's Shipyard for repairs.—Mr. C. H. Robinson has returned from a trip North.—A moonlight Excursion, for the benefit of the Naval Reserves, will be taken on the steamer "Undine," to-morrow night. Give it a liberal patronage.—The Baptist Sunday School will have an Excursion to Nags Head on Friday.—A jolly party from East Lake, consisting of Messrs J. W. Creef, J. B. Holmes, Otes Creef, Fred. Pinnell, Cordia Creef and Felden Creef were in the City yesterday. Several of them honored us with a call. They report that they made the trip in 4½ hours.—On Tuesday evening, August 2, at the Court House, for the benefit of Christ Church Rectory, Capt. J. A. Rider will deliver an entertainment on Gen. Lew Wallace's famous masterpiece "Ben Hurr."—For the lack of patronage, the daily "Fisherman and Farmer" made its "last evening bow" on Monday. We will miss it, for it was well conducted, bright and newsy.—Our long time patron and friend E. O. Hooper, of Avon, called the other day and paid his respects.—The Life Saving Crews are undergoingt he regular examinations by Dr. J. E. Wood.—The Methodists have their Sunday School Excursion to Nags Head to-day.—Prof. P. W. Moore, of the Colored State Normal School, has just rrturned from an educational visit to Jones and Onslow counties.—The CAROLINIAN Job press continues to be kept busy.—Mr. J. S. Wilcox has returned from a trip to Raleigh.—President S. L. Sheep, of the Atlantic Collegiate Institute, is off on a trip in the interest of the Institution.

THE STEAMER LILLIE.

To save expenses in the Shell Fish Department and for the better preservation of the steamer Lillie, I have turned her over to the captain of the boat, J. W. Dudley, during the summer months. Arrangements can be made with him in the Pamlico or Albemarle sections to make pleasure trips for the benefit of the people in and around the oyster belt of the State for a very small compensation; the sole purpose to keep the boat in good repairs.

THEOPHILUS WHITE,
C. I. S. F.

Ripans Tabules cure biliousness. Ripans Tabules: one gives relief.

Correctly Speaking.

Mistress—Your name is Maginnis, you say. But what is your first name?

Maid—Mem?

Mistress—What is your first name—Mary, Bridget—

Maid—It's me second name ye'd be after. That is Mary. I was a Maginnis before I was a Mary, don't ye moind?—Boston Transcript.

In England during the sixteenth century stealing above the value of 12 pence, burning a haystack, killing or stealing sheep, breaking a dike or bridge, breaking a bank of a fish pond, cutting down a tree in an orchard and the malicious tearing or defacing of the garments of a person in the street were all capital offenses and were punished as such.

The Paris theaters give away an average of 8,500 free tickets daily.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve

The best Salve in the world for Cuts Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25c per box. For sale by Alex. Wadsworth

A Sure Thing for You.

A transaction in which you cannot lose is a sure thing. Biliousness, sick headache, furred tongue, fever, piles and a thousand other ills are caused by constipation and sluggish liver. Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the wonderful new liver stimulant and intestinal tonic are by all druggists guaranteed to cure or money refunded. C. C. C. are a sure thing. Try a box to-day; 10c., 25c., 50c. Sample and booklet free. See our big ad.

No Cure—No Pay.

That is the way all druggists sell GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC for Chills and Malaria. It is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. Children love it. Adults prefer it to bitter nauseating tonics. Price, 50 cents.

The North Carolina College of Agriculture AND Mechanic Arts

Will re-open September 1, 1898, with improved equipment in every department. Twenty-three experienced Specialists in Faculty. Full courses in Agriculture, Science, Civil, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering. Expenses very moderate. For catalogue address PRES. A. Q. HOLLADAY, Raleigh, N. C.

FREE $50 Bicycle!

To Agents as a sample. This is the opportunity for a live Leather. For particulars address. TOWER CYCLE CO., Indianapolis, Ind.

Admistration Notice.

HAVING qualified as Executors of the late Charlotte A. Whitcomb I hereby give notice to all persons indebted to her estate to come forward and make immediate payment and those holding claims against the same to present them for payment within twelve months from date of this notice or it will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

T. T. WHITCOMB.
Executor of Charlotte A. Whitcomb.
July 2, 1898.

GREAT REMOVAL SALE OF McCABE & GRICE.

We are selling our entire stock at and below cost for cash. Our reason for this is because we will move on August 15th into our NEW STORE, now being built for us on the corner of Main and Poindexter streets and known as the Bradford Building. Our aim is to close our entire stock before moving. No fake; absolute sale; entire stock greatly reduced in price.

OUR COLORED PEOPLE

BY SPECIAL REPORTER.

[Items of interest concerning the Colored People will regularly appear in this column.]

Miss A. E. Trafton, of Currituck, Spent Sunday in the city.

Mrs. Fannie Cale left to visit her friends in Philadelphia last week.

We regret to state the serious illness of Albert Fearing.

Miss Louisa Lamb, of Norfolk, is here on a visit to her brother.

The W. C. T. U. held a meeting at the Presbyterian church Thursday.

Lucius Starke has opened an ice cream parlor on Main street, next door to the postoffice.

James Dozier and Sumner F. Lane are home from Washington, D. C. for a few days.

Hon. Hugh Cale left Monday for a trip to Raleigh and Greensboro on important business.

Hon. Geo. A. Mebane returned Friday from Raleigh, where he attended the Republican State Convention.

The entertainment given by the Hook and Ladder Company last week was a commendable success.

There will go an excursion to Nags on the steamer Newberne to-morrow. Proceeds will be used toward running a fence around the cemetery.

It is learned that the same teachers of the public school were re-elected.

Rev. Mrs. Wyatt, of Philadelphia, who is visiting Rev. P. R. Anderson and wife, preached a sermon at Olive Branch Church Sunday morning and at Mt. Lebanon in the afternoon. Revival meetings began at the latter.

A. L. Jackson, the popular torsorial artist of Road street, recently burned out by the fire near the canal bridge, is now fitted up at 207 South Road street. And D. S. Brothers, also burned out, has reopened his cafe at 242 South Road street.

Thomas Wheelbee was summoned home from New York last week by the death of his son, Robert, who died early Friday morning. The deceased was a promising young man of 21 years. We extend our sympathy to the bereaved family.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

If you want to quit tobacco using easily and forever, be made well, strong, magnetic, full of new life and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. Many gain ten pounds in ten days. Over 400,000 cured. Buy No-To-Bac of your druggist, under guarantee to cure, 50c or $1.00. Booklet and sample mailed free. Ad. Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

The State Normal and Industrial College

Offers the young women of the State thorough professional, literary, classical, scientific and industrial education. Annual expenses $90 to $150. Faculty of 30 members. More than 400 regular students. Has matriculated about 1,500 students, representing every county in the State except two. Practice and Observation School of about 200 pupils. To secure board in dormitories, all free-tuition applications must be made before August 1.

Correspondence invited from those desiring competent trained teachers. For catalogue and other information, address PRESIDENT McIVER, Greensboro, N. C.

THE UNIVERSITY.

Largest Patronage and Fullest Equipment in its History. Faculty, 38; Students, 508; 3 Academic Courses; 3 Elective Courses; 3 Professional Schools, in Law, Medicine and Pharmacy.

Advance Classes open to Women. Tuition $60, a year; board $8 a month. Ample opportunities for self-help. Scholarships and loans for the needy. Summer School for Teachers, 24 Instructors, 185 students. Total enrollment, 670. For Catalogue, Address,

PRESIDENT ALDERMAN,
Chapel Hill, N. C.

NATURE'S REMEDY

For the cure of all chronic and acute diseases—a life giving principle, free from all drugs—Asthma, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Consumption, Headache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Nervous Prostration and General Debility cured by inhaling

Compound Oxygen.

Our home treatment, which contains two months supply of Compound Oxygen, inhaling apparatus, full directions sent to any part of the country. This includes medical advice during treatment. Pamphlet with advice to the sick, home treatment and testimonials free.

DRS. STARKEY & PALEN
1529 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.; San Francisco, Cal.; Toronto, Can.

2 LARGE STORES

COUNTY SEAT

and UNDER 1

LIBERAL MANAGEMENT

Our business largely increased, it became necessary to have more room; have rented the STORE NEXT TO OUR OLD STAND, in which we are showing a

CHEAP AND LARGE

Stock of Clothing, Shoes and Gent's Furnishing Goods, Hats etc. The

OLD STAND

is stocked with a choice and low price line of DRESS GOODS, ETC., LADIES' & CHILDREN'S SHOES MILLINERY, &c. New Goods arriving daily. Come and see them.

Moses Weisel,

AN OPEN LETTER To MOTHERS.

WE ARE ASSERTING IN THE COURTS OUR RIGHT TO THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF THE WORD "CASTORIA," AND "FLETCHER'S CASTORIA," AS OUR TRADE MARK.

I, DR. SAMUEL PITCHER, *of Hyannis, Massachusetts, was the originator of "CASTORIA," the same that has borne and does now bear* Chas. H. Fletcher. *on every the fac-simile signature of wrapper. This is the original "CASTORIA" which has been used in the homes of the Mothers of America for over thirty years.*

LOOK CAREFULLY at the wrapper and see that it is the kind you have always bought Chas. H. Fletcher. *on the and has the signature of wrapper. No one has authority from me to use my name except The Centaur Company, of which Chas. H. Fletcher is President.*

March 24, 1898. Samuel Pitcher M. D.

Do Not Be Deceived.

Do not endanger the life of your child by accepting a cheap substitute which some druggist may offer you (because he makes a few more pennies on it) the ingredients of which *even he* does not know.

"The Kind You Have Always Bought"

BEARS THE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fletcher.

Insist on Having
The Kind That Never Failed You.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

We do Not Have to Talk a Man to Death

to sell our goods. We buy from first hands in large quantities and receive a fresh supply daily. We make a specialty of Fancy Groceries and Canned Goods, and pride ourselves on the fact that while the quality is way up in it the prices are decidedly competition. Nothing gives us more pleasure than to show goods, because by this doing we are able to secure trade.

Prices and Quality Sell the Goods.

In addition to our already large stock of Corn, Meal, Flour and supply of Sugars, Cargoes of Flour, and general wholesale and Retail Supplies, we have recently added Lime, Cement and Builder's Material generally. We can guarantee these goods. Long experience and practical knowledge with the trade has taught us a thing or two and we are ready to convince you. Our

Wholesale Department,

like our Retail Department, is always kept up-to-date. Right here let us say that in the matter of buying we have saved money for others and can do so for you. We know what we are talking about and mean business. Call on us when in the city and be sociable; we have been since we were a boy.

W. J. Woodley, No. 138 and 140 Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C.

Dress Goods.

Unusual good value in Plain and Fancy Spring and Summer Dress Goods at Fowler & Co's

Hosiery

Before buying your Hosiery, examine the prices and qualites at Fowler & Co's.

Clothing.

Fowler & Co. are offering some Special Bargains in clothing. Some heavy weight or Winter Clothing will be sold for about half their value.

Fowler & Co.'s Store is full of new goods and new prices. Give them a call.

ONE GIVES RELIEF.

Don't Spend a Dollar for Medicine until you have tried

RIPANS TABULES

You can buy them in the paper 5-cent cartons

Ten Tabules for Five Cents.

This sort is put up cheaply to gratify the universal present demand for a low price.

If you don't find this sort of

Ripans Tabules At the Druggist's

TRADE RIPANS TABULES MARK

Send Five Cents to THE RIPANS CHEMICAL COMPANY, No. 10 Spruce St., New York, and they will be sent to you by mail; or 12 cartons will be mailed for 48 cents. The chances are ten to one that Ripans Tabules are the very medicine you need.

PATENTS

Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained and all Patent business conducted for MODERATE FEES.

OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington.

Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.

A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents," with cost of same in the U. S. and foreign countries sent free. Address,

C. A. SNOW & CO.

OPP. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

MONEY

We furnish everything. We start you. No risk. You can devote your spare moments, or all your time to the work. Easy to learn entirely new lines, and brings wonderful success. Either sex. All ages. Beginners are earning from $25 to $50 per week and upwards, and more after a little experience. We can furnish you the employment and teach you FREE. No space to explain here. Full information FREE. TRUE & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Ripans Tabules.
Ripans Tabules cure torpid liver.
Ripans Tabules: at druggists.

Beauty Is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets,—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.

Three-tenths of the earnings of a Belgian convict are given to him on the expiration of his term of imprisonment.

Piso's Cure is the medicine to break up children's Coughs and Colds. Mrs. M. G. BLENT, Sprague, Wash., March 8, 1896.

In London each day 400 children are born, 260 enter school for the first time, 150 persons enter married life and 200 persons die.

To Cure Constipation Forever.

Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

Tientsin and other Chinese cities have no lights at night except such as come from private houses.

Fits permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of DR. KLINE'S Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free DR. R. H. KLINE, LTD., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

In nearly every street in Japanese cities is a public oven, where for a small fee housewives may have cooking done for them.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.

Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

Millions of pairs of doll shoes are sold in this country annually, the greater part of which are imported from Germany.

Salt Rheum

That Terrible Itching, Burning, Smarting, Swelling

Which ruins pleasure, interferes with work, prevents sleep—yields to the blood-purifying effects of Hood's Sarsaparilla. It has cured thousands of cases, it will cure yours. Remember that

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is America's Greatest Medicine.

Hood's Pills easy to take, easy to operate.

The Submarine Torpedo Boat.

If warfare with ordinary craft on the surface of the water is deadly, how much more so will it be when our navies are equipped with destroyers that slip along unseen and unsuspected far below the surface of the sea in a position practically unassailable and can plant a score of torpedoes or lay the trains for blotting out of existence a whole fleet, while the entire navy rocks tranquilly on the waves without the remotest idea that an enemy is near? It is more than a century since the first attempts were made to build submarine boats. Since that time many experiments have been made in this same direction, most of them without any results that would lead to the further pursuance of this idea. Within the past few years, however, there have been several boats constructed that seem to approximate success. The Holland boat has points of excellence worthy of the consideration of experts. The main requirements of a torpedo boat are the capacity to remain for a given time under water, complete manageableness and the fundamental elements of safety. The risk of being locked up in an iron shell and submerged for any length of time, with danger of suffocation or explosion, is too great to be taken without a reasonable assurance of coming out alive. A successful torpedo boat would unquestionably be a most formidable element in a naval engagement. The world is looking on with interest whenever such boats as the Holland are put on trial. Not alone would these boats be a terror to a fleet, but they could approach the very wharves and warehouses of even our smallest cities, and do their deadly work unseen and unannounced.—New York Ledger.

An Improved Balloon.

In an improved balloon the basket is carried by four air cells adjustably mounted on a railing around the basket, making it possible for the remaining cells to support the aeronaut if one cell should collapse.

Two Remarkable Towns.

The towns of Romano and Lost Springs, Kan., have each a population of about 200. Neither town contains an idle man or boy, a tippler, a dog, an unoccupied house or a place where liquor is sold.

TWO GRATEFUL WOMEN

Restored to Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"Can Do My Own Work."

MRS. PATRICK DANEHY,
West Winsted, Conn., writes:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—It is with pleasure that I write to you of the benefit I have derived from using your wonderful Vegetable Compound. I was very ill, suffered with female weakness and displacement of the womb.

"I could not sleep at night, had to walk the floor, I suffered so with pain in my side and small of my back. Was troubled with bloating, and at times would faint away; had a terrible pain in my heart, a bad taste in my mouth all the time and would vomit; but now, thanks to Mrs. Pinkham and her Vegetable Compound, I feel well and sleep well, can do my work without feeling tired; do not bloat or have any trouble whatever.

"I sincerely thank you for the good advice you gave me and for what your medicine has done for me."

"Cannot Praise It Enough."

MISS GERTIE DUNKIN,
Franklin, Neb., writes:

"I suffered for some time with painful and irregular menstruation, falling of the womb and pain in the back. I tried physicians, but found no relief.

"I was at last persuaded to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and cannot praise it enough for what it has done for me. I feel like a new person, and would not part with your medicine. I have recommended it to several of my friends."

Try Grain-O
Try Grain-O

Ask you Grocer to-day to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it, like it. GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. ¼ the price of coffee. 15 cents and 25 cents per package. Sold by all grocers.

Tastes like Coffee
Looks like Coffee

Insist that your grocer gives you GRAIN-O
Accept no imitation.

SANTIAGO AMERICANIZED

Business Houses Reopen and All is Bustle and Activity.

THE RIVAL ARMIES FRATERNIZE.

Officers Lounge in the Cafes, Soldiers Buy or Exchange Souvenirs, and No Race Hatred is Anywhere Apparent—Relieving the Distress of the Refugees—Our Men in Spanish Uniforms.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA (By Cable).—Santiago presents a bright and cheerful picture to what it did before the surrender. Over thirty steamers flying the Stars and Stripes lie in or near the harbor. Small boats are plying briskly to and fro on the blue waters. Along the water front, under every awning, dozens of women and children may be seen

AMERICAN AND SPANISH TROOPS FRATERNIZE IN THE ABANDONED ENTRENCHMENTS.

munching American hardtack, and food is being distributed very rapidly about the plaza facing the palace.

In short, everything denotes bustle and activity. To the graveyard appearance of the city Monday has succeeded a scene of life and energy, traffic and general activity. The immense sheds along the water front are already packed with merchandise, and the large stores rented along Marina street are busy receiving goods which are being steadily unloaded. Everywhere there are signs of a revival of commercial activity and prosperity.

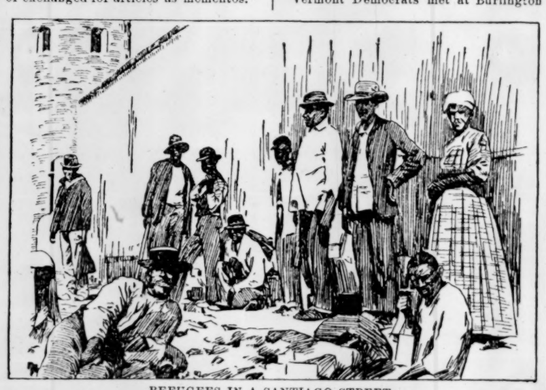
The trade and business houses opened their doors for the first time Tuesday, cleared their warehouses and made ready for the receipt of goods. All the stores are open this morning by General McKibbin's orders, but the saloons remain closed for the present in order to avoid the possibility of a clash between the soldiers in the case of drunkenness.

Cigars and tobacco are nowhere to be found, as all the factories have been closed for months and they had no stock on hand. Our men expected to find quantities of tobacco when Santiago fell, and they were greatly disappointed at not being able to find anything to smoke, so we shall have to carry coals to Newcastle, or, in other words, import tobacco into Cuba.

The ice factory and electric light plant are working, the houses are brightly lighted, and the pawnshops are doing a rushing business, their counters being crowded by people of all sorts of color and conditions, pawning heirlooms, clothes, dresses and furniture. Officers tender their medals, spurs and swords, and civil employes offer their tortoise-shell, gold-headed canes of office for a mere song, which are in turn bought at fancy prices by American soldiers, officers or newspaper correspondents as relics of the war.

There have been more machetes sold to our men as souvenirs than were laid down on the morning of the surrender, and crosses, service stripes, and orders are cheerfully parted with for American cash or exchanged for articles as mementos.

SCENE OF THE PORTO RICAN CAMPAIGN UNDER GENERAL MILES.



REFUGEES IN A SANTIAGO STREET.

There is no ready-made clothing in the city, except blue-and-white, stripe-lined uniforms, and many of our men are dressed in these Spanish uniforms. They present a strange appearance, and are greeted with laughter.

Hundreds of American and Spanish soldiers, who but a few days ago were shooting at each other, crowd the streets of Santiago, meeting and mixing on the most friendly terms. A general feeling of good fellowship is evidenced everywhere, victors and vanquished apparently being equally rejoiced that the strife and bloodshed are over and that the horrors of the siege are ended. In the numerous airy cafes the officers of the opposing armies lounge through the day.

There seems to be no race hatred, the bitterness being all directed against the Madrid Government, which is charged with gross mismanagement of Cuba and bungling during the conduct of the present war. Many of the Spanish soldiers are anxious to become American citizens, and are applying for naturalization.

Commodore Schley, with a party of officers, visited the city Tuesday morning, coming up the bay in a steam launch. The Commodore called on General McKibbin and strolled about the streets, making several purchases, and apparently greatly enjoying shore leave. He was received with great respect by the Spanish officers who learned his name.

TO TAKE PRISONERS HOME.

Spanish Transatlantic Company Secures the Contract.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—Arrangements were concluded by the Government for the transportation of the Spanish prisoners at Santiago to Spain. The contract was awarded to the Spanish Transatlantic Company, represented by J. M. Ceballos & Co., of New York. The Company agrees to carry the prisoners from Cuban ports to Spain at the rate of $30 for each enlisted man and $60 for each commissioned officer, subsistence to be furnished by the company on the army ration basis, as provided for in the Government's advertisement for bids.

The award provides also that the company shall have five ships at Santiago in nine days, two in seventeen days, and enough to complete the transportation of the prisoners in twenty-one days.

The ships will fly the colors of Spain, and will probably be manned entirely by Spanish crews. It was remarked as one of the curious developments of the war that the United States Government should make a friendly contract with a company many of whose vessels are auxiliaries to the Spanish Navy, and some of which have been captured or destroyed by the navy of the United States.

CONFEDERATE VETERANS CHEER.

Patriotic Scenes at the Reunion of the Old Southern Soldiers.

ATLANTA, GA.—The annual reunion of the United Confederate Veterans' Association was held at the Confederate Auditorium at Exposition Park. The building, which has a seating capacity of 12,000, was jammed at the opening session to overflowing.

Before the opening of the exercises, the reunion band played patriotic tunes. The cheering for "Dixie," "Yankee Doodle"

GENERAL JOHN B. GORDON.
(Commander-in-Chief of the Confederate Veterans' Association).

and "The Star-Spangled Banner" was tumultuous.

When General John B. Gordon, the head of the organization, entered the hall the applause and cheering were deafening.

Vermont Democrats in Session.

Vermont Democrats met at Burlington and nominated a State ticket, reaffirmed the Chicago platform, lauded Bryan, declared against "the proposed imperialistic policy of the Republican party" and opposed the admission of Hawaii to Statehood. The following are the nominees: Governor, Thomas W. Maloney, of Rutland; Lieutenant-Governor, A. A. Olmstead, of Newbury; Treasurer, L. W. Clough, of Bethel; Secretary of State, George B. Davis, of Danville; Auditor, Richard D. Preble, of Shoreham.

The Farragut Launched.

The torpedo-boat destroyer Farragut was launched at San Francisco, Cal. The ship was christened by Miss Betty Ashe, of San Francisco, a distant relative of Admiral Farragut. The Farragut is a 273-ton boat. Her speed is thirty knots. She will be placed in commission as soon as possible.

The Troops Are in Excellent Health.

The condition of the troops around Santiago is reported to be excellent, and the bulk of them have been removed to healthy mountain camps. There is little sickness, which is of slight contagion.

Troops Sail For Porto Rico.

Ten thousand troops left Tampa, Fla., and Charleston, S. C., for Porto Rico. The eleven transports on which they were embarked were joined by ten more under General Miles carrying troops from Guantanamo. This army of 14,000 is ordered to make a landing on or near Porto Rico, and then it will be reinforced by 15,000 to 25,000 troops from Chickamauga and Camp Alger.

Rifles For the Porto Rico Campaign.

Krag-Jorgensen rifles will be furnished to the volunteers of the Porto Rican expedition.

Prussia Fights American Pork.

The Prussian frontier officials have been ordered to prevent the importation of American pork which lacks the American inspectors' certificates. This action is owing to the instructions of the Government at Washington to omit certificates when the meat is intended for Germany.

Spanish Soldiers Surrendered by Toral.

The roster of prisoners taken at Santiago has been handed to General Shafter by General Toral. The total is about 22,789 men. Between 10,000 and 12,000 more Spanish soldiers are in the zone of surrender, making 33,000 to 35,000 prisoners.

Two Cent Postage to Hawaii.

As soon as the United States flag is hoisted at Honolulu, Hawaii, and that fact communicated to the Postoffice Department, at Washington, the Postmaster-General will issue an order reducing the postage, and a two-cent stamp will carry a letter to Hawaii, the same as to any other part of the United States.

Spain Will Not Be a Great Power.

As one of the results of the war Spain will probably be reduced from her technical status of a great power, to which she was raised in 1883, when her Legations abroad were converted into Embassies.

Seneca Brings Wounded to New York.

Wounded soldiers on the steamship Seneca, which arrived at New York City from Cuba, complain that there were no medicines or surgical instruments on the vessel and an insufficient supply of food and water. Some of the men were sent to Bellevue Hospital and others to Swinburne Island.

To Design Gladstone's Statue.

Thomas Brock, R. A., the English sculptor, will design the statue of Mr. Gladstone, which will be erected in Westminister Abbey.

Aluminum Horseshoes in Russian Army.

The commercial agent of the United States at Roubaix, Russia, Mr. Alwell, in a dispatch received at the State Department, Washington, says the Russian Minister of War has ordered aluminum horseshoes for the cavalry with a view of reducing the weight carried by the horses. A trial which has already lasted six weeks, seems to be satisfactory, as the aluminum wears out less rapidly and is less affected by the mud and moisture than the ordinary shoe. The difference in weight is about two and a half ounces on each shoe.

United States' Banana Consumption.

About 180,000,000 bunches of bananas are consumed annually in the United States.

PORTO RICO CAMPAIGN.

General Miles Starts From Santiago With Advance Expedition.

NAVY'S PART IN THE ATTACK.

Troops at Tampa Embarked on Transports—They Comprise 6500 Men of the Fourth Army Corps—Others Embarked at Charleston—The Total Force Consists of Not Less Than 30,000 Men.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The movement on Porto Rico has actually begun. Major-General Nelson A. Miles left Siboney, Cuba, Monday night with a force of artillery and troops for Porto Rico. He is aboard the Yale. His fleet of transports will stand out to sea and be met by the powerful warships under Admiral Sampson.

This is the advance guard of the army of invasion to move against Porto Rico. The troops already embarked at Tampa will leave at once and others will follow as rapidly as they can be sent forward.

General Miles has gone ahead of the main army with a force sufficient to effect a landing and establish a base of operations. He may land at Ponce on the south coast.

Secretary of War Alger said as he was leaving the Executive Mansion:

"General Miles has received orders to proceed to Porto Rico. I assume that he left Monday under the convoy of Admiral Sampson and his squadron. Instructions were issued to Admiral Sampson to convoy General Miles to Porto Rico."

Tampa, Charleston and Newport News are the points from which the American troops sail. The entire body of troops at Tampa were taken, numbering about 13,000 men and including a lot of heavy and light artillery under command of General Rodgers. General Brooke will be in command of the troops under General Miles.

FORTIFICATION AT SAN JUAN.

There will be no naval convoys for the transports of this expedition. There is not a Spanish warship in the West Indies that dare thrust its bow out of port. The expedition does not start from one point, but is divided among several ports, thus preventing the tremendous congestion that was encountered at Tampa when the expedition sailed for Santiago. The transports sailed at various times, without concerted movements.

An overwhelming force will be thrown upon the island, and it is possible that a bloodless victory will be achieved when the Spanish become convinced that they have no reasonable chance to resist successfully.

The expedition comprises 30,000 men at the start, and it will be soon swelled to 40,000 men, and, if necessary, to 70,000 men, the equipment of the volunteer forces having now progressed so well as to warrant the statement that that number of men can be ready for service in Porto Rico within a very short time.

More than 6200 troops were aboard transports at Tampa Monday ready to sail eastward. These are all regulars, comprising the Fifth, Eleventh and Nineteenth United States Infantry regiments, Fifth United States Cavalry, two light batteries, C and M of the Seventh Artillery and eight heavy batteries carrying mortars and siege guns. They left for Porto Rico on board the transports Gussie, Cherokee, Whitney, Morgan, Arcadia, Mohawk, Fanita and Florida, the Mohawk carrying the cavalry.

The part which the navy is to take in the assault against Porto Rico has been fully matured. The several transport fleets will have with them one or two auxiliary craft, carrying strong secondary batteries of six or eight six-pounders.

Rear-Admiral Sampson will have under his command a sufficient force to carry out the necessary naval operations. He will have under his command the armored cruisers New York and Brooklyn, monitors Puritan, Miantonomoh and Amphitrite, in addition to a large number of cruisers, protected and auxiliary, gunboats and torpedo boats, with any battleships which are considered too foul to accompany Commodore Watson on his mission to the Spanish coast.

Admiral Sampson will attack the fortifications, while the army will be disembarked at a point near the city and will pursue practically the same tactics as at Santiago. The troops will force their way to the rear of the city, breaking down the outer defenses, and secure a position where the city can be assaulted. The conditions are more favorable at San Juan, and it is believed the navy can perform more effective work, leaving less for the army to do.

GERMANS STOPPED BY A SHOT.

Captain-General Augustin Refuses to Surrender and Will Fight On.

HONG KONG, China (By Cable).—While the German cruiser Irene was passing Marfiveles, off Manila, the other day, the United States gunboat Hugh McCulloch was sent after her to ask her to stop.

As the Irene refused to obey, a shell was sent across her bow, and a small boat went to discover what she was doing. The German Admiral protested, and insisted that German ships had a right to enter the harbor without being searched, a claim which Admiral Dewey declined to recognize.

It is reported that Admiral Von Diederichs, who is in command of the German squadron at Manila, interviewed Captain Chichester, of the British cruiser Immortalite, as to what he would do if the Germans interfered with the bombardment of Manila. Captain Chichester replied that only Admiral Dewey and himself knew that.

An important interview was held between General Aguinaldo's Secretary, Legarda, and a prominent loyal native white man and the Spanish commander, Captain-General Augustin. The insurgents' representatives urged General Augustin to surrender the city, asserting that 50,000 insurgents surrounded Manila and were able to enter it at any moment.

The Monitors Will Be Thoroughly Tested at San Juan.

The monitors have played but little part so far, and it is desired to give them a thorough test before the war is over. By using these "bulldogs of the sea," as Admiral Jouett terms them, the absence of the battleships Oregon and Massachusetts, which go with Watson's squadron, will not be so greatly missed when San Juan is assaulted.

Admiral Sampson will have for the work at San Juan the battleships Indiana, Iowa and Texas, the monitors Puritan, Amphitrite and Terror, and the cruisers New York (flagship) and Brooklyn (Schley's flagship).

Cycling Notes.

An elastic steel chain for bicycles is a device recently patented in England.

Club runs have fallen into a measure of disrepute with the large cycle clubs.

For ordinary all-round bicycle riding shoes with very light soles should be avoided.

It is a noteworthy fact that during the past two seasons bicycles of previous years were in demand.

England has taken the initiative in an endeavor to keep amateur bicycle racing in a class by itself.

A German paper mentions as a curiosity a city of 8000 inhabitants in Bavaria, with only 125 bicycles in use.

Beginners should not attempt to ride long distances, for overmuch riding will tire the most powerful rider.

If a man rides in all weathers two wheels, one for good and one for bad weather, will always prove a good investment.

Although motor cycles are growing somewhat in popularity it does not appear that they are doing so to the exclusion of the bicycle.

Bombay, Singapore, China and a number of Far Eastern countries and districts have recently taken to the bicycle as a means of recreation.

Some who meet with punctures have no tire tape and try to get along without it, but this is folly. After the hole has been filled tape should be used freely to protect the repair

AUGUSTI RELIES ON GERMAN NAVY.

General Greene With 3000 Men Reinforces Our Troops at Manila.

MANILA (By Cable).—The second expedition to the Philippines under Brigadier General Greene has arrived. The 3000 troops were in excellent health, and lost no time in landing at Cavite. There were four deaths on the voyage. Private Maddox, of the Eighteenth United States Infantry; Lieutenant Lazelle, of the Eighteenth United States Infantry; Bandsman Wise, of the First Colorado Volunteers, and Sergeant Geddes, of the First Nebraska. They were buried at sea, with the exception of Lieutenant Lazelle who was buried with military honors at Cavite.

ADMIRAL VON DIEDERICHS.
(Commanding the German Asiatic Squadron.)

Captain-General Augusti is trusting to the German squadron under Admiral Diederichs. He has issued a proclamation declaring that the Germans are sure to keep the Americans from bombarding and capturing the city, and added that before long Spanish and German vessels will drive the Americans out of the harbor.

Aguinaldo has constituted a Provisional Cabinet with himself as President; his nephew, Baldimiro Aguinaldo, Minister of War; General Trias, Minister of Foreign Affairs, and Senor Ibaira, Minister of the Interior. These took the oath of office in the presence of 5000 natives. There were festivities and fireworks.

The insurgents continue to fight, having captured more towns and taken a good many prisoners.

ON TO PORTO RICO.

Miles's Expedition Convoyed by a Big Fleet of Warships.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—General Miles cabled the Secretary of War that he sailed from Guantanamo, Cuba, for Porto Rico at 5 o'clock Thursday afternoon. His fleet of transports was accompanied by the battleship Massachusetts, the auxiliary cruiser Dixie, the cruiser Cincinnati and the gunboats Annapolis, Gloucester, Wasp and Leyden, and the cruiser Columbia. General Miles is on the Yale. The Yale has a powerful battery of five-inch rapid-fire guns. Other transports with troops were the Nueces, Lampasas, Mississippi, Cherokee and Iroquois.

The despatch from General Miles told the department that he had ten transports loaded to their full capacity with 4300 troops and supplies, and that, at the time of writing, the fleet had been augmented by the arrival of two ships, the Lampasas and the Nueces, from Tampa. The last-named vessels were loaded with about 600 men, consisting mostly of engineers and heavy artillery, and with a large quantity of cumbersome ammunition and supplies for the army of invasion. With these twelve ships the combined naval and military fleet composing the first expedition to Porto Rico consists of twenty-one ships.

The size and formidableness of the naval escort provided by Admiral Sampson are a surprise to many persons, inasmuch as the belief was entertained in some quarters that only three or four vessels of the navy would accompany the troopships commanded by General Miles.

Secretary Alger, on leaving the White House early Friday morning, said:

"The Porto Rican expedition will be pushed with all possible speed. The first section of the army started from Guantanamo Thursday afternoon at five o'clock and within a week General Miles will be reinforced by from 13,000 to 15,000 troops giving him for immediate operations an army approaching 20,000 men, and the force will be added to."

GENERAL GARCIA REBELS.

Strained Relations Exist Between Shafter and the Cuban Leader.

SANTIAGO, Cuba (By Cable).—The ill feeling produced among the Cubans by General Shafter's latest orders in Santiago culminated in a serious rupture between General Shafter and General Calixto Garcia. As a consequence General Garcia has withdrawn with his army from the

GENERAL CALIXTO GARCIA.

outskirts of Santiago to the interior, taking the road to Jiguani, which is fifty miles northeast of Santiago. He first held a council of his officers, and tendered to General Gomez, the Cuban commander-in-chief, his resignation as commander of the Cuban Army of the East. A special courier was sent to General Gomez's headquarters carrying the resignation.

General Garcia also transmitted a long letter to General Shafter, declaring himself as about to discontinue co-operation with the American troops.

WATSON'S RAID POSTPONED.

Camara's Return Nullifies Its Immediate Object.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The project to send Commodore Watson's fleet across the Atlantic has been suspended. It will not leave American waters at all unless some contingency of war makes necessary sterner measures to secure peace than have thus far received the President's approval. Secretary Long said that the departure of the fleet had been deferred until after the Porto Rico campaign, at least, but further than that he declined to indulge in predictions.

Weyler Menacing Spanish Government.

General Weyler has formed an alliance with the Republicans to oppose the Queen Regent and her ministers if peace with the United States is made on terms which may not suit them. Portugal has sent troops to her frontier, expecting a revolution in Spain.

Cuba Not Ready For Workingmen.

The Cuban Junta advises no man to go to Cuba at this time unless he is provided with at least $1000. Men who go there now seeking work will find it impossible to live unless food is given them by the Government.

Wood Governor at Santiago.

General Leonard Wood, former commander of the rough riders, has been designated as Military Governor of Santiago City, and he has succeeded General Chambers McKibbin, who has been filling that office temporarily since the Americans took formal possession of the city. General McKibbin has resumed command of his brigade.

Porto Ricans Have American Arms.

A delegation of Porto Rican insurgents sailed from Newport News, Va., to Cape San Juan with 30,000 rifles and ammunition for them furnished by the War Department for use by native Porto Ricans.

SCIENTIFIC SCRAPS.

A spot in the sun, lately visible, was thirty thousand miles in diameter.

The Pacific ocean covers 78,000,000 square miles; the Atlantic, 25,000,000; the Mediterranean, 1,000,000.

Gold is distributed in minute traces all over the earth's surface, though found in paying quantities in comparatively few places.

The latest X-ray sensation is the report from Havre, France, of the cure in three sittings of a case of elephantiasis—or enormous enlargement—of the hand.

It has been stated before the Paris Academy of Medicine that French soldiers are on an average a hundred times more susceptible to typhoid fever than the native Arabs.

Geosote, a combination of valeranic acid with creosote, is an oily liquid, with a sweetish taste, that seems to have the medicinal properties of creosote without its burning effects.

Carbonic oxide being found normally in the blood of living beings in Paris, M. Nicloux has demonstrated to the French Academy of Sciences that the gas forms within the organism itself without external causes.

There are spots in the ocean where the water is five miles deep, and if it is true that the pressure of the water on any body in the water is one pound to the square inch for every two feet of the depth, anything at the bottom of one of the "five mile" holes would have a pressure about it of 13,200 feet to every square inch.

North American Geography 150 Years Ago.

Among the interesting old books and papers belonging to the late Edward W. Wells of this city was a geography that lets in some light on the state of general information in the world a century and a half ago. America is "the last quarter of the world" and the "north part of the continent is very little known." The map of North America gives all the region northwest of California as "parts unknown." The great lakes are down as Superior, Illinois, Huron, Erie and Frontenac. "N. England" is all one little patch reaching up to the St. Lawrence. Louisiana occupies most of the middle country. The "Oyo" river is the name of the Ohio. The chief town of New Jersey is said to be Elizabeth Town. The climate is thus explained: "In the north are vast unknown mountains, perpetually covered with snow, from whence, the winds blowing the greatest part of the year, these countries become much colder than those in Europe in the same latitude."

It is interesting to note that this work, that is more than a century and a half old, should advocate quite vigorously the construction of canals across the Panama and Suez isthmuses.—Hartford (Conn.) Courant.

Electric Fishes.

Some interesting facts have recently been compiled with reference to fishes which have the power of generating electric discharges. Of the fifty species of fishes possessing organs capable of giving electric discharges, three have a particular interest. These are the torpedo fish, which is found in the Bay of Biscay, and belongs to the skate family; the electric eel of the Orinoco, and the thunder fish, found in the Nile and other African waters. The change is developed by some chemical process occurring in the plate in which the electric nerve filaments end, and in some instances the discharge is from the head to the tail, while in the case of other fishes the reverse is true. In a full-sized electric eel or gymnotus, the voltage is probably from 300 to 800 volts, and is easily capable of stunning a man. The momentary currents are sufficient to deflect a galvanometer or magnetize a needle. It is to be noted that the generation and intensity of the discharge are under the control of the animal, which is apparently in no way affected by the action. Also, there are no insulating materials in the fish, and the greatest economy is shown in the generation of the electrical energy. —New York Post.

Thunder and Lightning.

It is said that lightning may be recognized at a distance of two hundred miles when the clouds among which it plays are at a high altitude, but that thunder can seldom be heard at a greater distance than ten miles. The sound of thunder is also subject to refraction by layers of different density in the atmosphere, as well as to the effects of "sound shadows," produced by hills and other interposed objects. These are among the reasons for the existence of the so-called "sheet," or "summer," lightning, which seems to be unattended by thunder.—Youth's Companion.

Stone in Her Stomach.

From the Gazette, Blandinsville, Ill.

The wife of the Rev. A. R. Adams, pastor of the Bedford Christian Church at Blandinsville, Ill., was for years compelled to live a life of torture from disease. Her case baffled the physicians, but to-day she is alive and well, and tells the story of her recovery as follows:

"About six years ago," said Mrs. Adams, "I weighed about 140 pounds, but my health began to fail and I lost flesh. My food did not agree with me and felt like a stone in my stomach. I began to bloat all over until I thought I had dropsy.

"I had pains and soreness in my left side which extended clear across my back and also into the region of my heart. During these spells a hard ridge would appear in the left side of my stomach and around the left side.

"These attacks left me sore and exhausted. All last summer I was so nervous that the children laughing and playing nearly drove me wild. I suffered also from female troubles and doctored with ten different physicians without receiving any help.

"My Husband Read."

"My husband having read in the newspaper of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, induced me to try them. I began taking them last November but experienced no relief until I had taken six boxes. I am now taking the eleventh box and have been greatly benefited.

"I was also troubled with nervous prostration and numbness of my right arm and hand so that at times I could hardly endure the pain, but that has all passed away. I now have a good appetite and am able to do my own work. Have done more this summer than in the past four years put together. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People cured me and I think it my duty to let other sufferers know it."

Hundreds of equally remarkable cases have been cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Egypt is the only country in the world where there are more men than women. The male sex in the dominion of the Khedive exceeds the female by 160,000.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

There are 10,000 square feet of glass surface in Great Britain exclusively devoted to the cultivation and production of tomatoes for market purposes.

The Medium Was Right.

Mr. Greville was persuaded when he was over sixty years of age to attend a spiritualistic seance. Foster, the presiding medium, was in great form, and the revelations were astounding. Greville sat silent, and his aged, wizened face was emotionless as a mask. Suddenly the medium grew excited and said to the old gentleman:

"A female form is bending over you. Oh, the extraordinary likeness!"

Greville sighed.

"She lifts her hands to bless you." Greville sighed again.

"It is your mother."

"Ah, poor thing!" said Greville. "I am glad."

"She smiles. She says all is well with her."

Greville sighed again and said, "I am delighted."

"She says she will see you soon. You are old, and you must meet her before long."

Then Greville quietly observed: "That's very true. I'm going to take tea with her this evening."

Tableau.—London Graphic.

A Library Disappears.

Belgrade's national library, which opened with 40,000 volumes on the shelves, has been closed on account of the disappearance of all its books. It was intended to be a circulating library, but the people who took out books never returned them, and, on investigation, it was found that the books passed from one reader to another till they could no longer be traced.

No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents.

Guaranteed tobacco habit cure, makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c. $1. All druggists.

Java is said to be the region of the globe where it thunders oftenest, having thunder storms on an average ninety-seven days of the year.

To Cure A Cold in One Day.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

According to a statistician the area of the herring nets used in Scotland one year was no less than 164,000,000 square yards.

Albert Burch, West Toledo, Ohio, says: 'Hall's Catarrh Cure saved my life." Write him for particulars. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Within the last ten years, the number of railway stations in Germany increased from 8376 to 8893.

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THE EXCELLENCE OF SYRUP OF FIGS

is due not only to the originality and simplicity of the combination, but also to the care and skill with which it is manufactured by scientific processes known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only, and we wish to impress upon all the importance of purchasing the true and original remedy. As the genuine Syrup of Figs is manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only, a knowledge of that fact will assist one in avoiding the worthless imitations manufactured by other parties. The high standing of the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. with the medical profession, and the satisfaction which the genuine Syrup of Figs has given to millions of families, makes the name of the Company a guaranty of the excellence of its remedy. It is far in advance of all other laxatives, as it acts on the kidneys, liver and bowels without irritating or weakening them, and it does not gripe nor nauseate. In order to get its beneficial effects, please remember the name of the Company—

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LIQUID PISTOL 50c.

PROTECTION OR FUN.

SHOOTS AMMONIA, WATER, COLOGNE, OR OTHER LIQUID.

It is a weapon which protects bicyclists against vicious dogs and foot-pads; travelers against robbers and toughs; homes against thieves and tramps, and is adapted to many other situations.

It does not kill or injure; it is perfectly safe to handle; makes no noise or smoke; breaks no law and creates no lasting regrets, as does the bullet pistol. It simply and amply protects, by compelling the foe to give undivided attention to himself for awhile instead of to the intended victim.

It is the only real weapon which protects and also makes fun, laughter and lots of it; it shoots, not once, but many times without reloading; and will protect by its appearance in time of danger, although loaded only with liquid. It does not get out of order; is durable, handsome, and nickel plated.

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To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

Chicago has a Norwegian old people's home.

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"A tape worm eighteen feet long at least came on the scene after my taking two CASCARETS. This I am sure has caused my bad health for the past three years. I am still taking Cascarets, the only cathartic worthy of notice by sensible people."
GEO. W. HOWLES, Baird, Mass.

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